

“无中微子双贝塔衰变”研讨会，珠海

**Searching for  $0\nu\beta\beta$  of  
 $^{136}\text{Xe}$  with PandaX-III**

韩柯

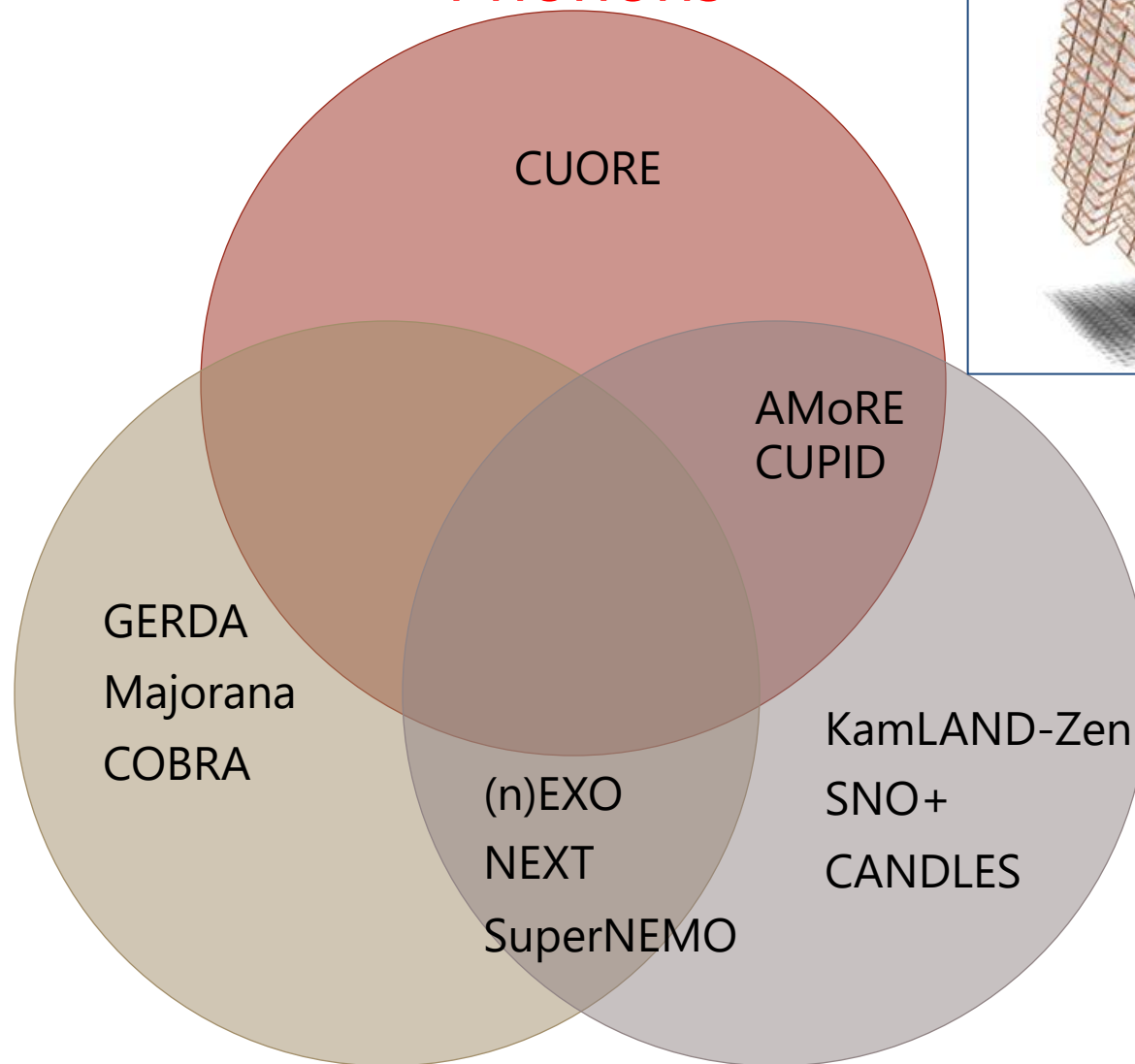
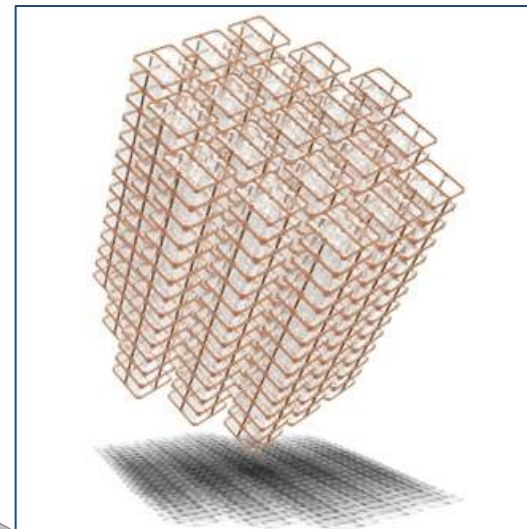
上海交通大学

2021/05/22

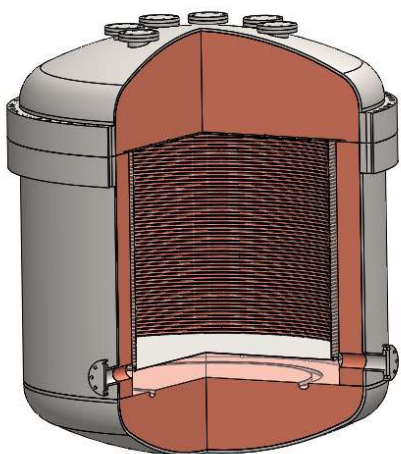
# Detection channels

$$(T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1} = F_N \frac{|\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle|^2}{m_e^2}$$

## Phonons

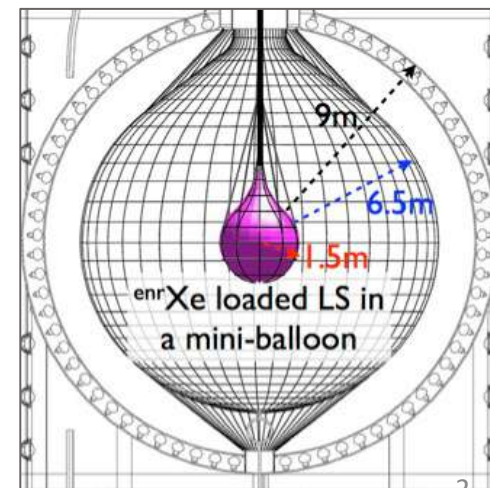


## Electrons/holes



PandaX-III

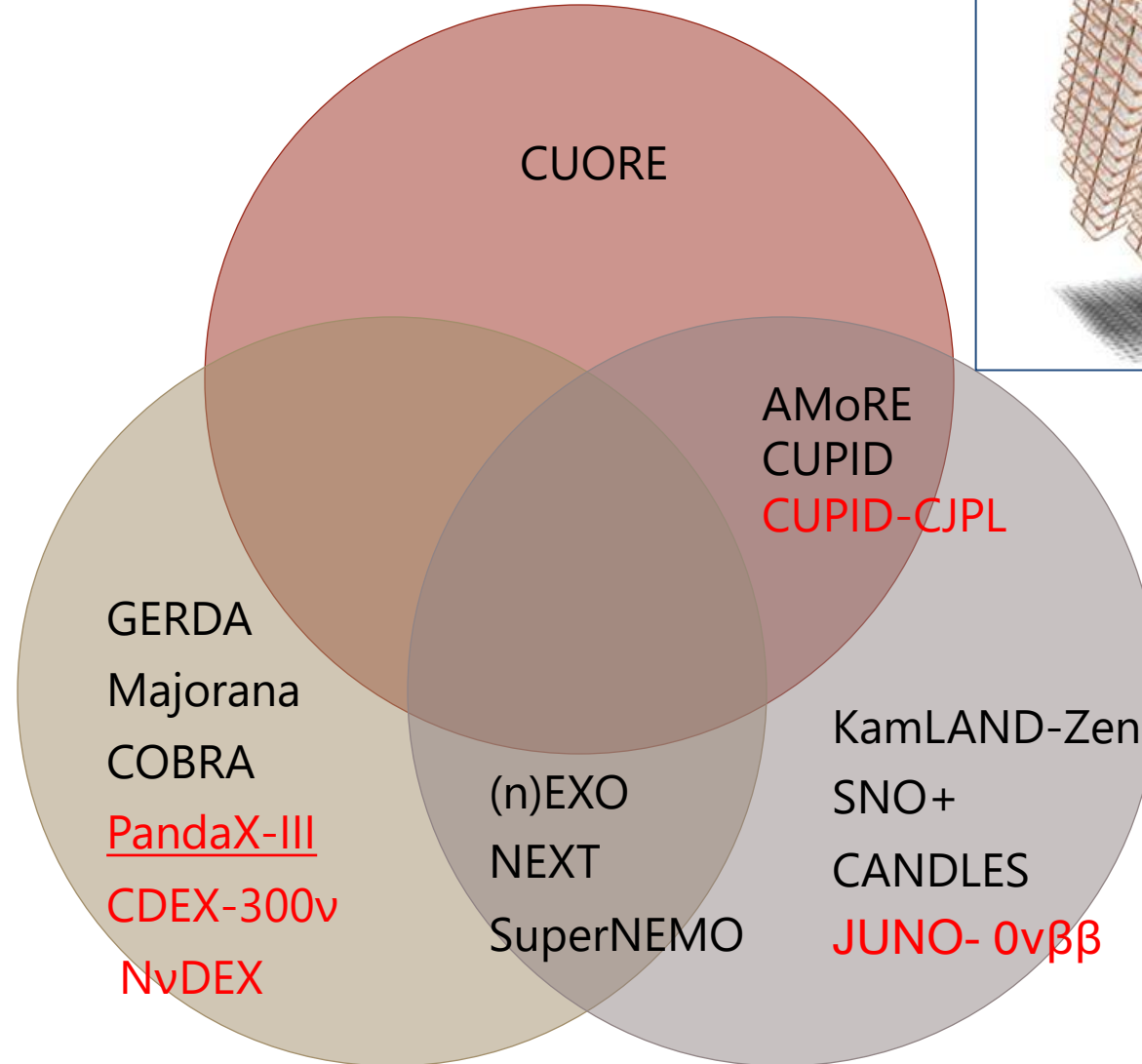
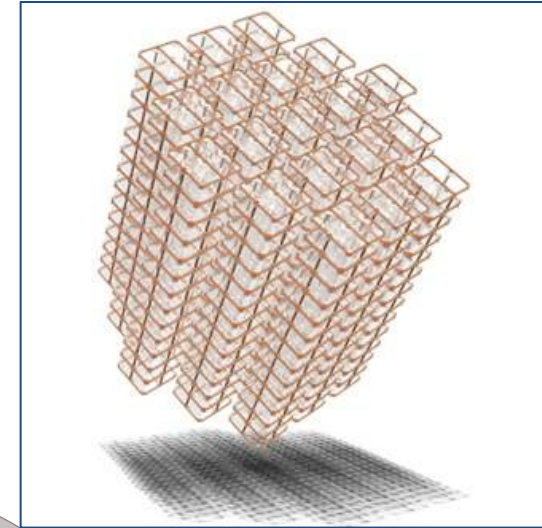
## Photons



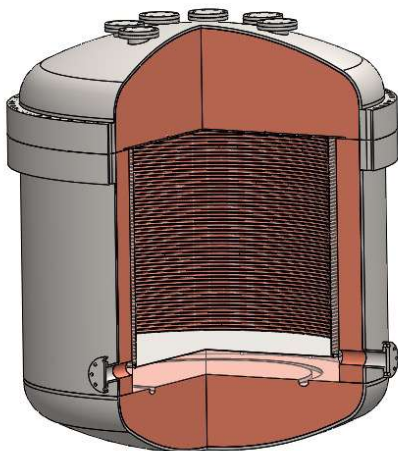
# Detection channels

$$(T_{1/2}^{0\nu})^{-1} = F_N \frac{|\langle m_{\beta\beta} \rangle|^2}{m_e^2}$$

## Phonons

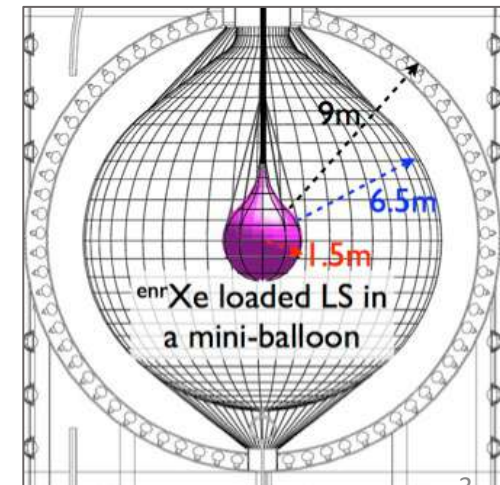


## Electrons/holes



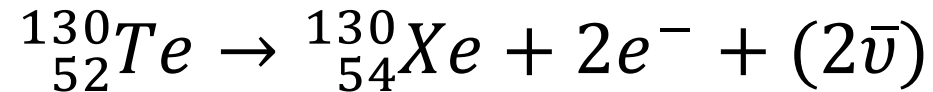
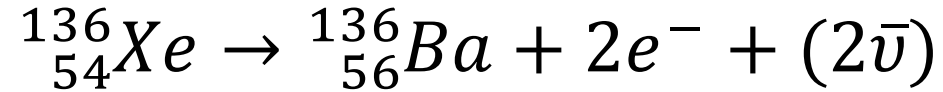
PandaX-III

## Photons

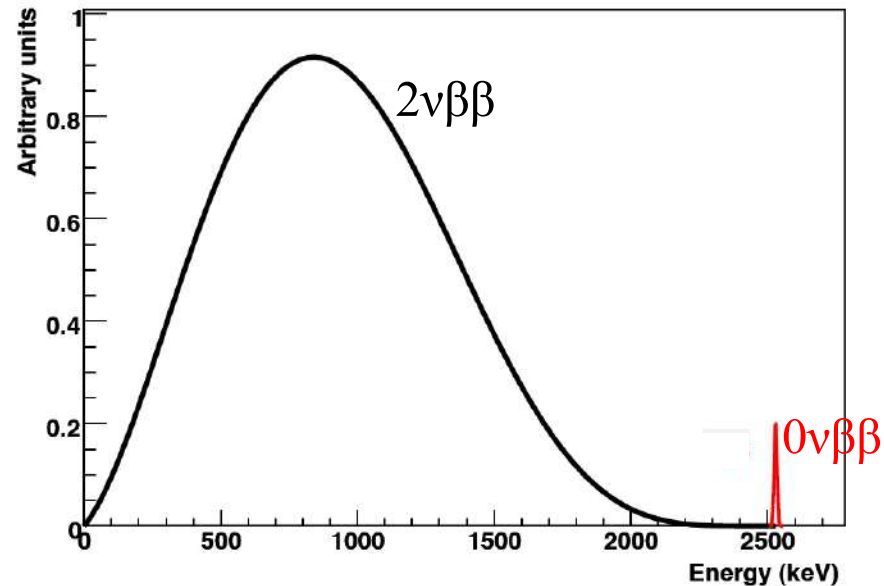


# Detection of double beta decay

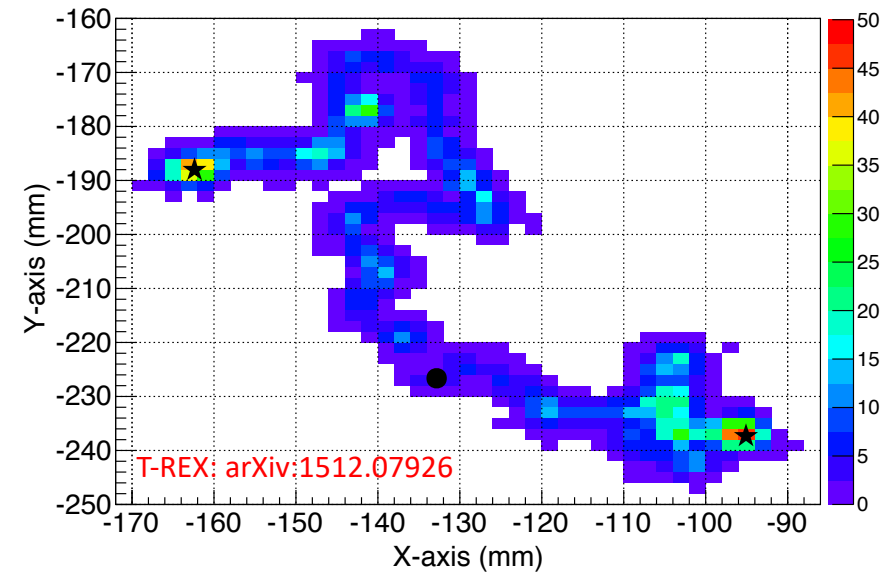
- Examples:



- Measure energies of emitted electrons
- Electron tracks are a huge plus
- Daughter nuclei identification



Sum of two electrons energy



Simulated track of  $0\nu\beta\beta$  in high pressure Xe



# PandaX Detectors



PandaX-I: 120kg LXe  
(2009 – 2014)

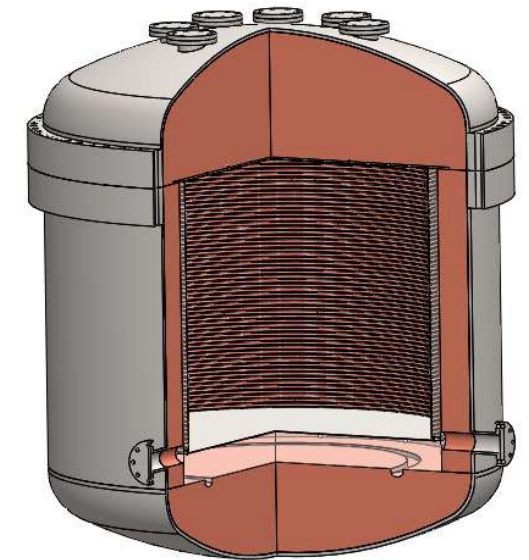


PandaX-II: 500kg LXe  
(2014 – 2018)

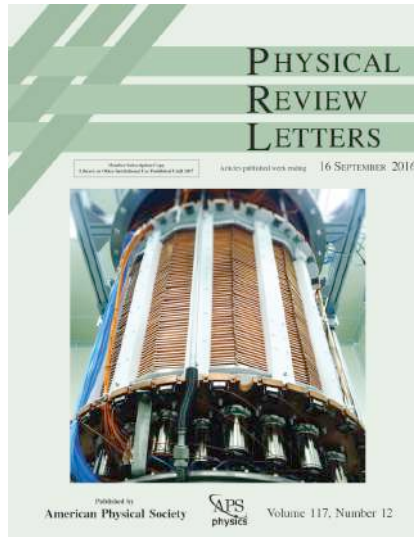


PandaX-xT LXe  
(future)

WIMP searches  
( $0\nu\beta\beta$  as well)



PandaX-III: 100kg - 1 ton  
HPXe for  $0\nu\beta\beta$  (future)



PRL 117, 121303 (2016)

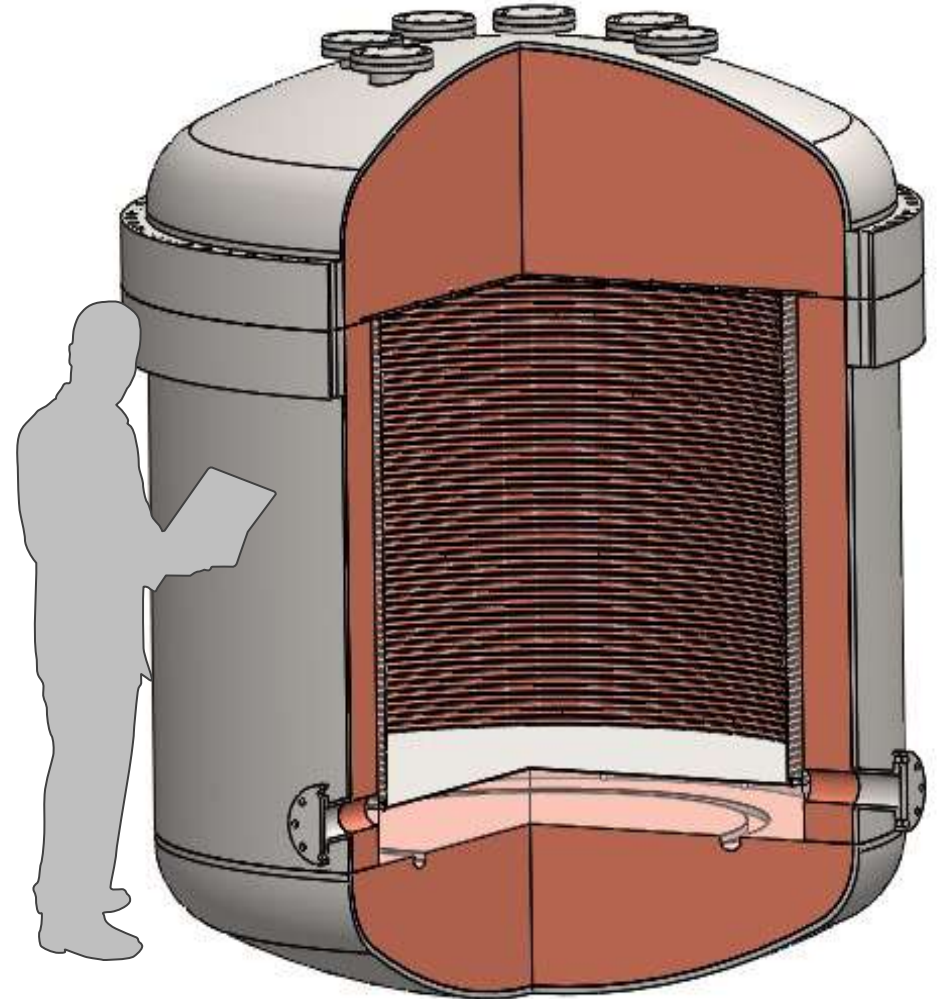
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# Outline

- Characteristics of high pressure gaseous TPC for  $0\nu\beta\beta$
- Hardware development
  - Micromegas detector modules
  - Prototype TPC and test setups
  - Electronics and DAQ
  - Infrastructure
- Simulation and analysis efforts

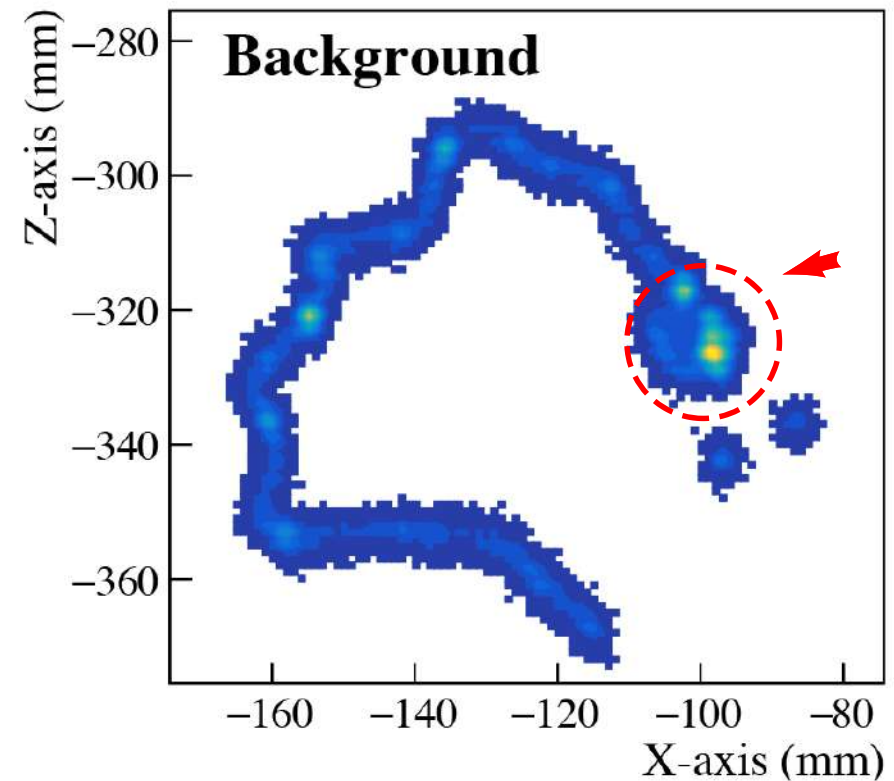
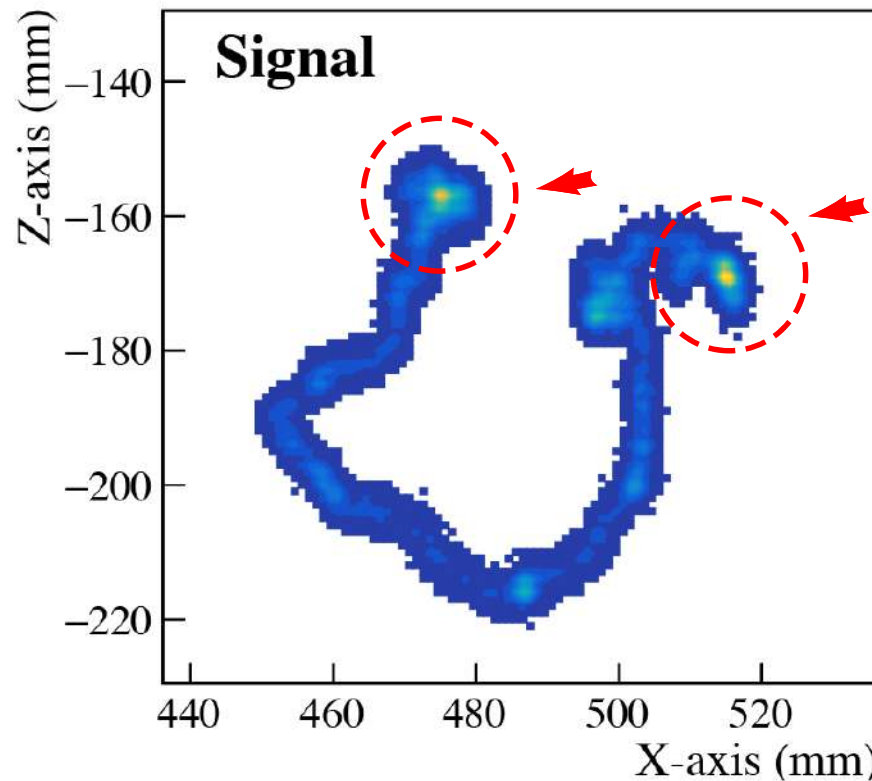
# PandaX-III: high pressure gaseous TPC for $0\nu\beta\beta$ of $^{136}\text{Xe}$

- TPC: 100 kg scale high pressure TPC at 10 bar operating pressure
- Charge only readout with millimeter level spatial resolution
- Good energy resolution and **tracking capability for signal-background discrimination**



# $0\nu\beta\beta$ of $^{136}\text{Xe}$ in gaseous TPC

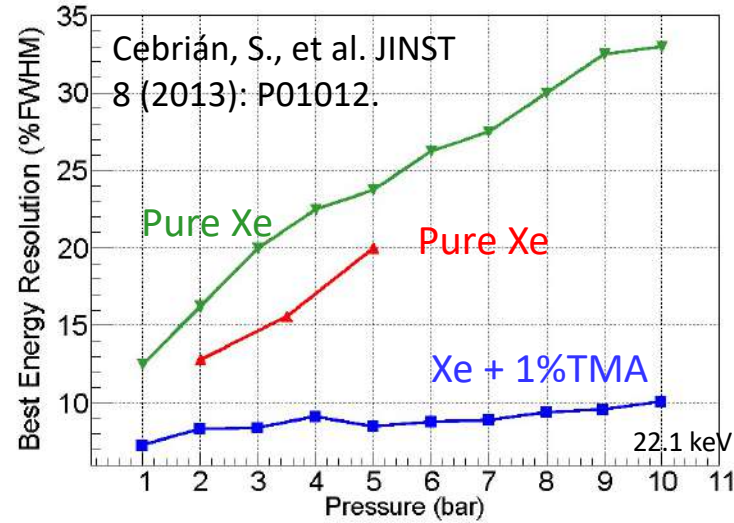
- Electrons from  $^{136}\text{Xe}$  travel around 10 cm in 10 bar xenon
- Mostly one single track
- Two Bragg blobs at the ends (two electrons)



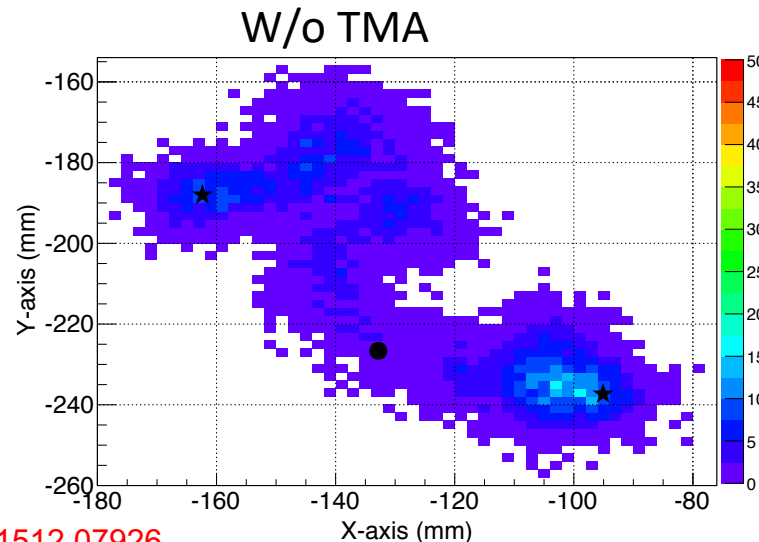
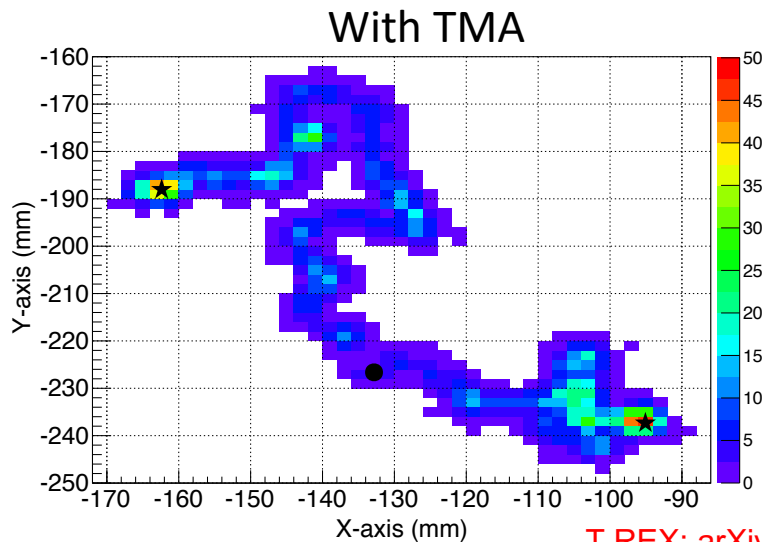
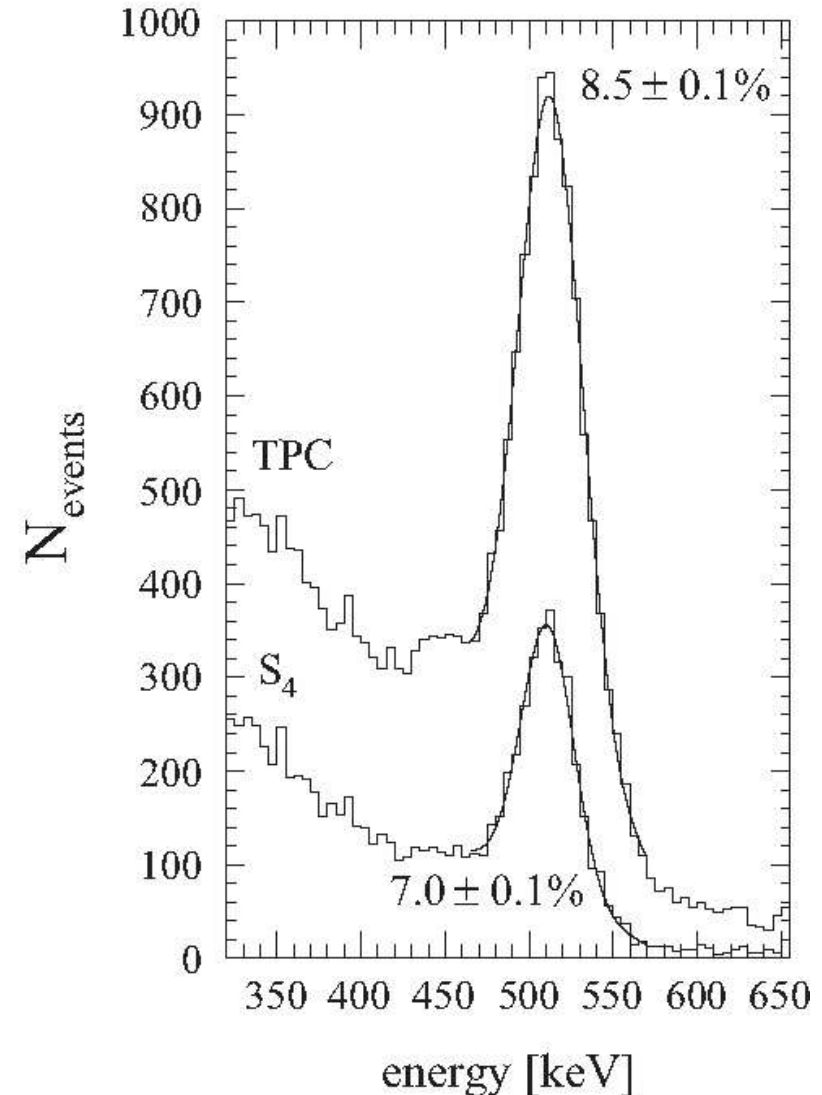


# Gas medium: Xe +TMA (三甲胺)

- Better energy resolution: 3% FWHM (@ $Q_{\text{ov}\beta\beta}$ ) (expected)
  - TMA suppress light; more ionization
  - TMA as a quencher, increase the stable working voltage
- Better tracks
  - TMA suppress diffusion



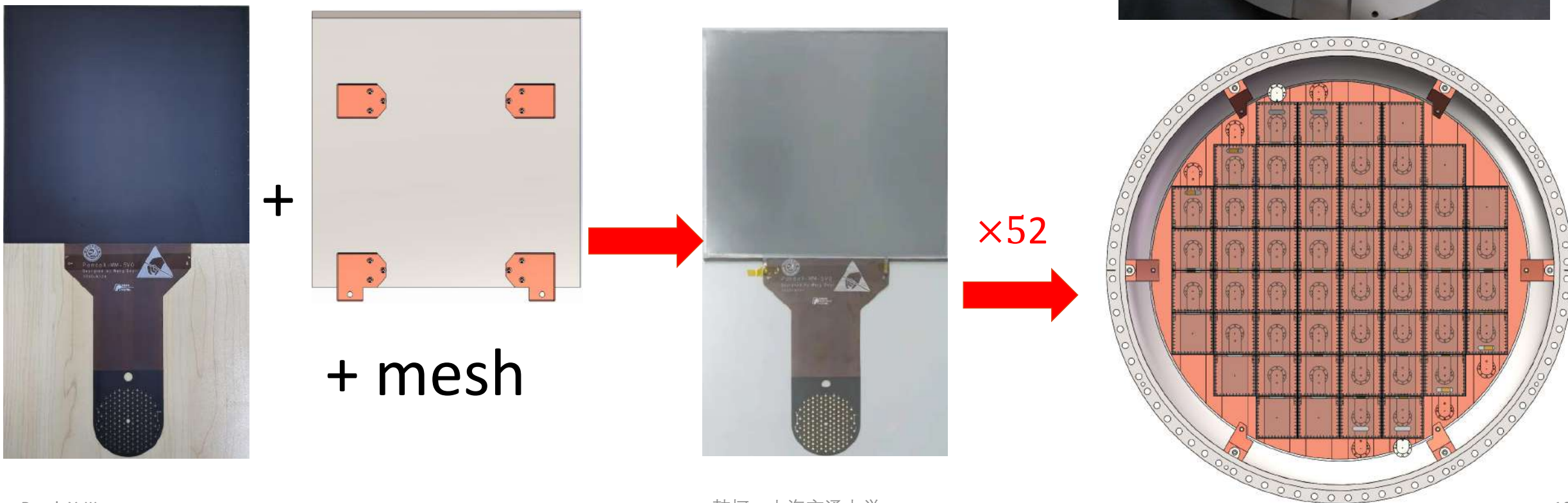
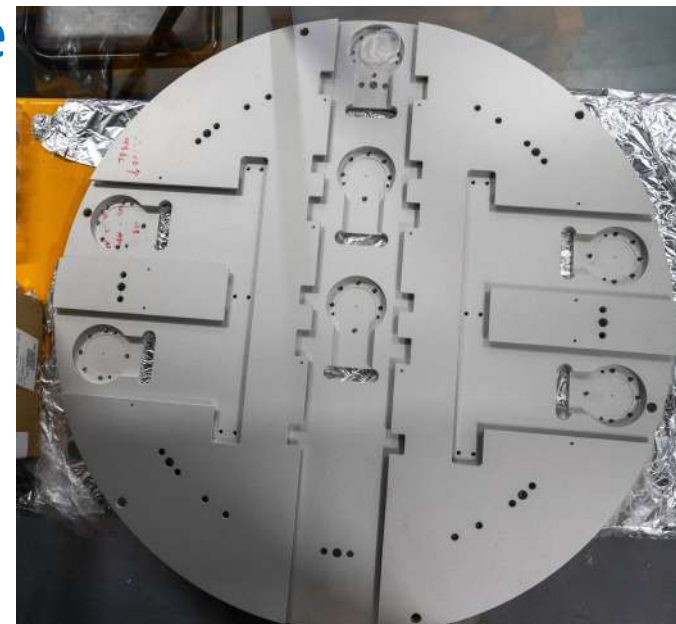
Gonzalez-Diaz, et al. *NIMA* 804 8 (2015)



## Charge readout plane

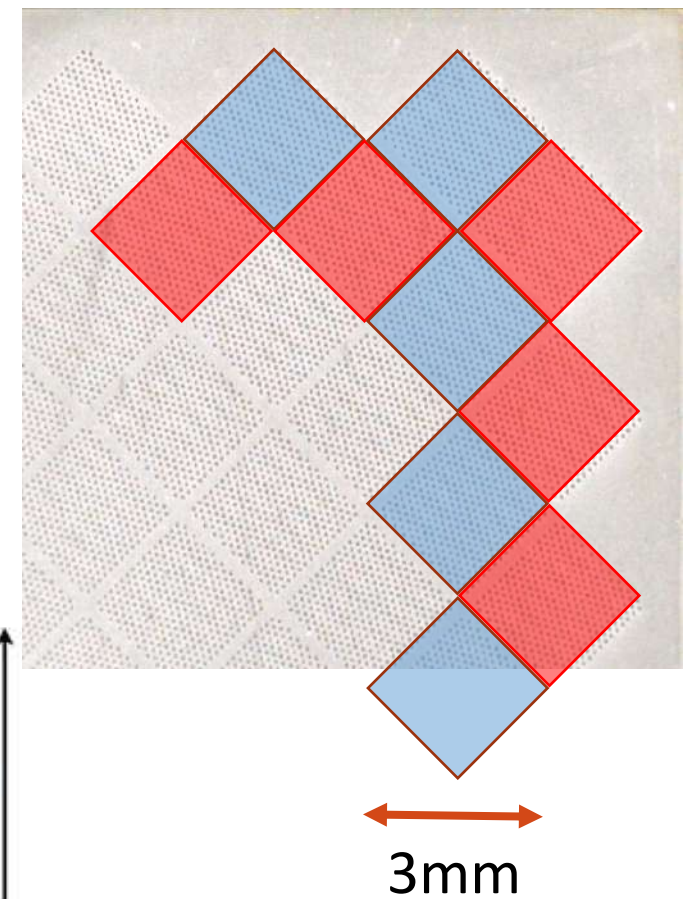
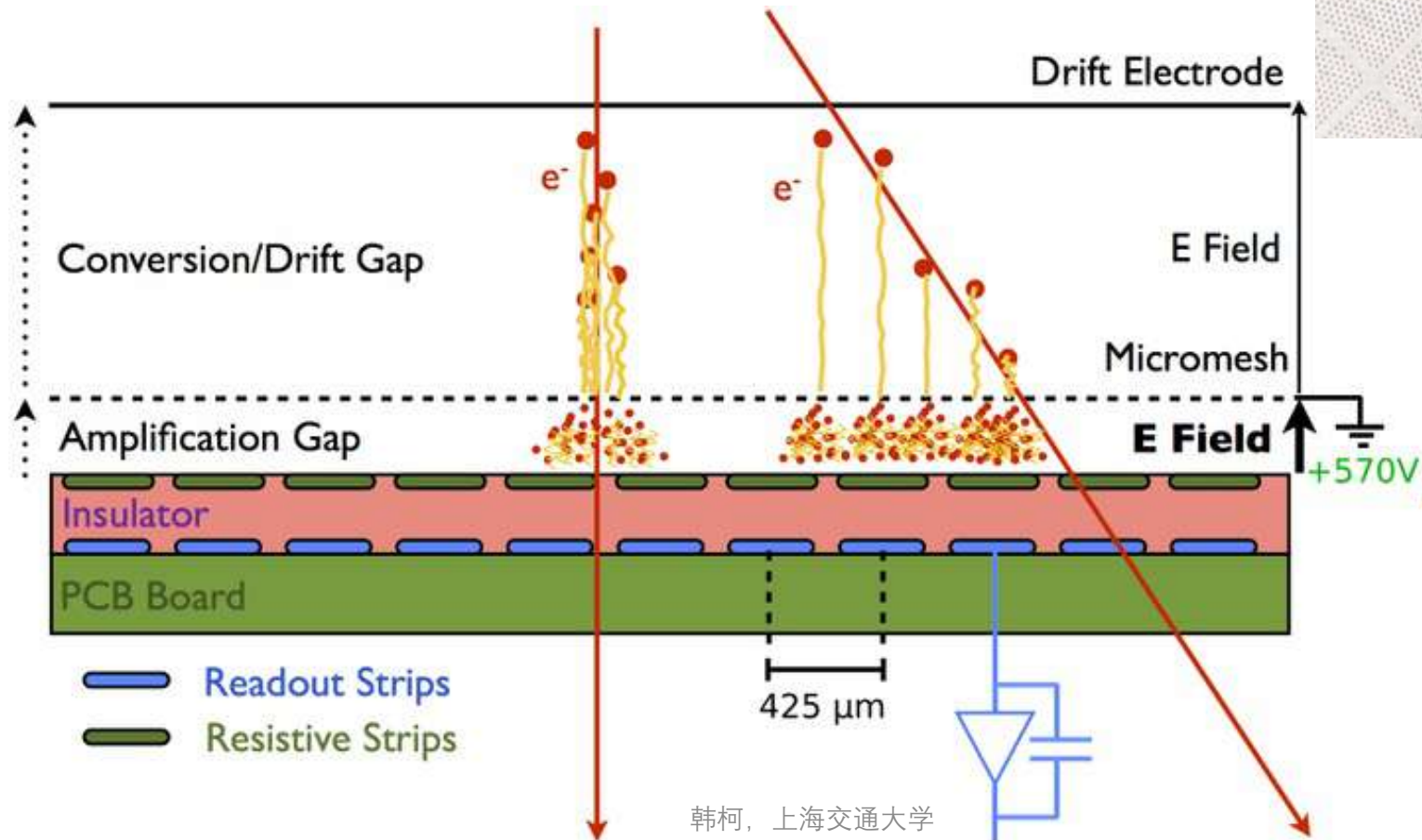
- 52 Micromegas modules mounted on a backplate
- Mosaic layout to cover readout planes
  - Minimal dead zone
  - Strip and mesh signal readout
  - Second iteration with custom-designed face-to-face connectors

## Prototype backplate



# Charge-only readout plane with MicroMegas (MM)

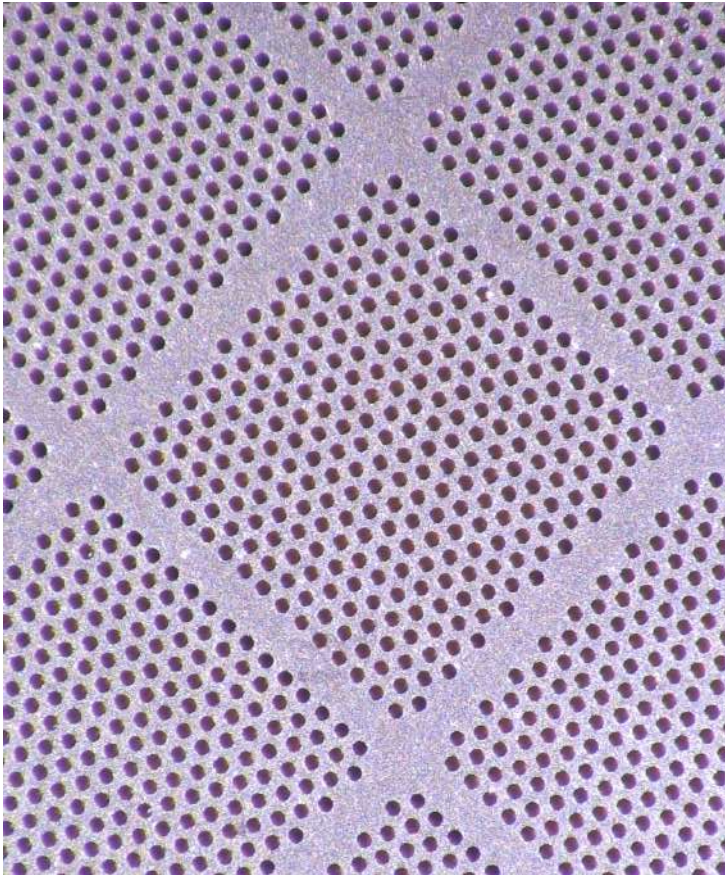
- MicroMegas amplifies drift electron signal via avalanche
  - >1000 gain expected in 10 bar xenon (100  $\mu\text{m}$  gap)
- 3mm pitch
- Strip readout to have reasonable number of readout channels





# Microbulk --> Thermal bonding Micromegas from USTC

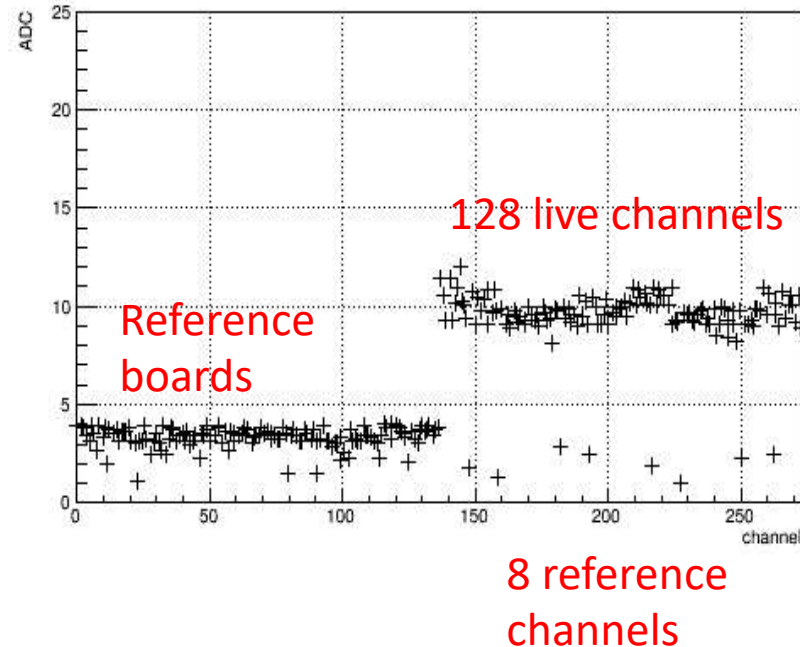
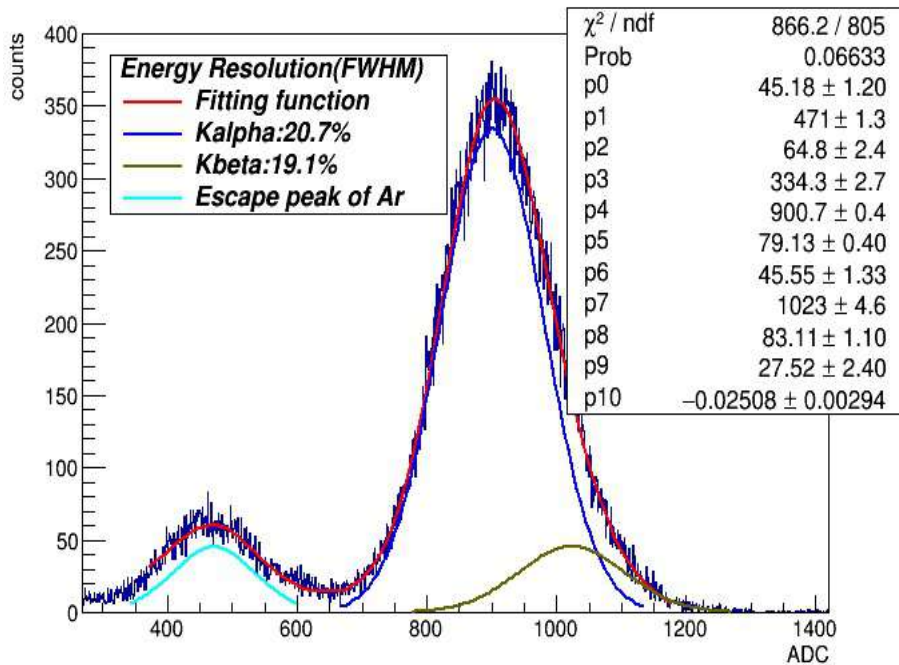
- Original choice was Microbulk Micromegas from CERN
- Switched to thermal bonding Micromegas from USTC since early 2020





# Recent progress on USTC thermal bonding MM

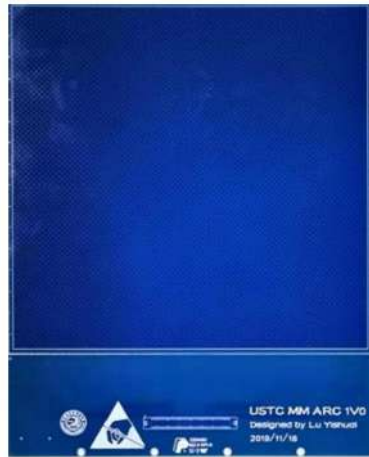
- Now 5<sup>th</sup> version of thermal bonding Micromegas under testing.
- Tested in 1/8/10 bar argon mixture gases.
- Best energy resolution at 6 keV (<sup>55</sup>Fe) is 15% in 1 bar argon/CO<sub>2</sub>.
- No dead channels!



# Development of thermal bonding Micromegas

Low background, Energy resolution, uniformity

Readout  
PCB



Thermal  
bonding MM



V1

V2

V3

V4

V5

3mm edge, long term stability



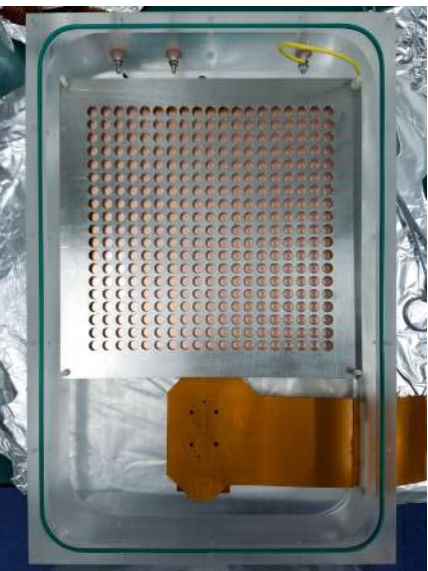
# Test setups, prototype, and full vessel at SJTU

Full vessel: low background SS, 4 m<sup>3</sup> inner volume

Prototype TPC:  
7 MM, 10 bar

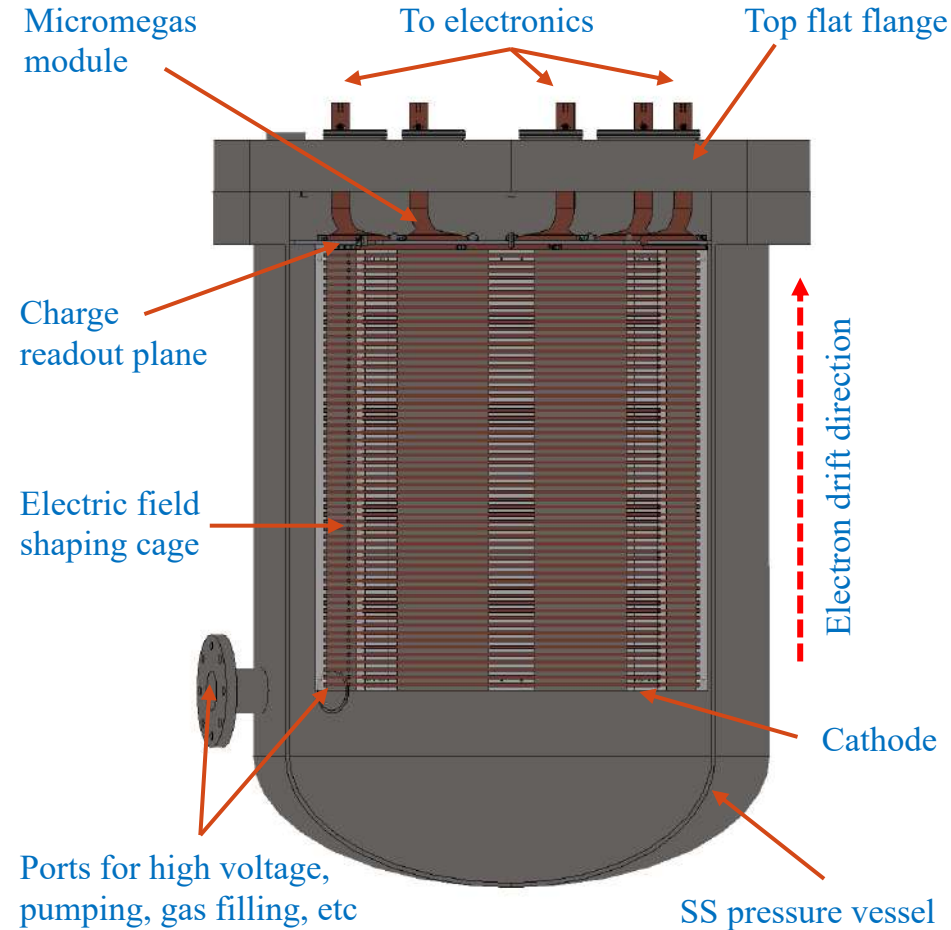
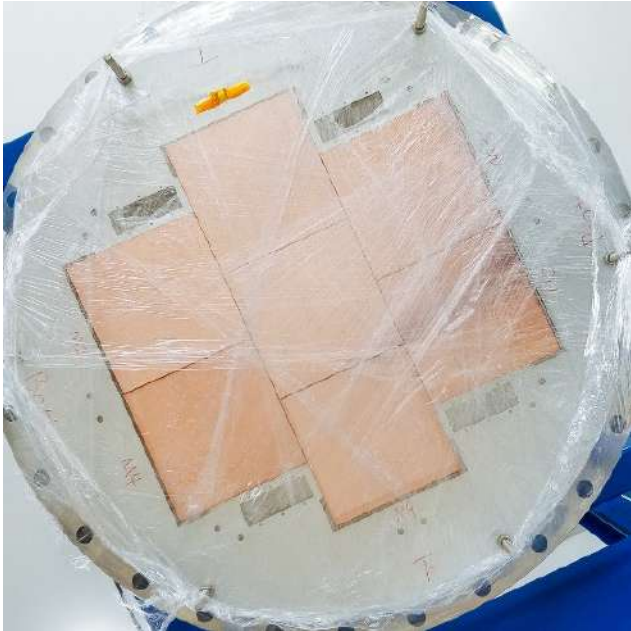
MiniTPC:  
1 MM,  
16 bar

1 MM,  
flow gas



# Prototype TPC at Shanghai

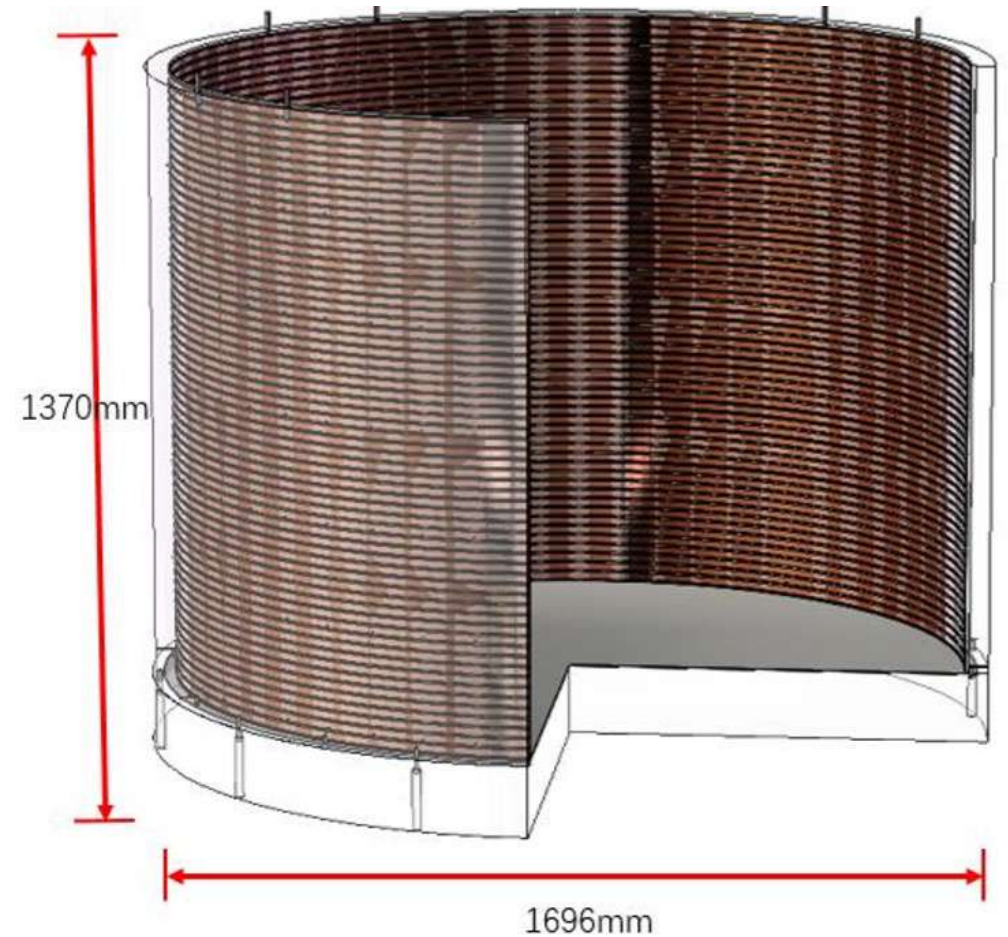
- About 600 L inner volume
- Field cage: 66 cm diameter, 78 cm drift length
- 16 kg of xenon at 10 bar
- SS pressure vessel
- 7 MM





# Field cage

- Tiled Kapton Flexible PCB + SMD resistors
- Tested in small and medium scale
  - HV performance comparable with copper bar options
- Fabricated by TangChen (JUNO vendor) for low background control



Design of field cage of full TPC

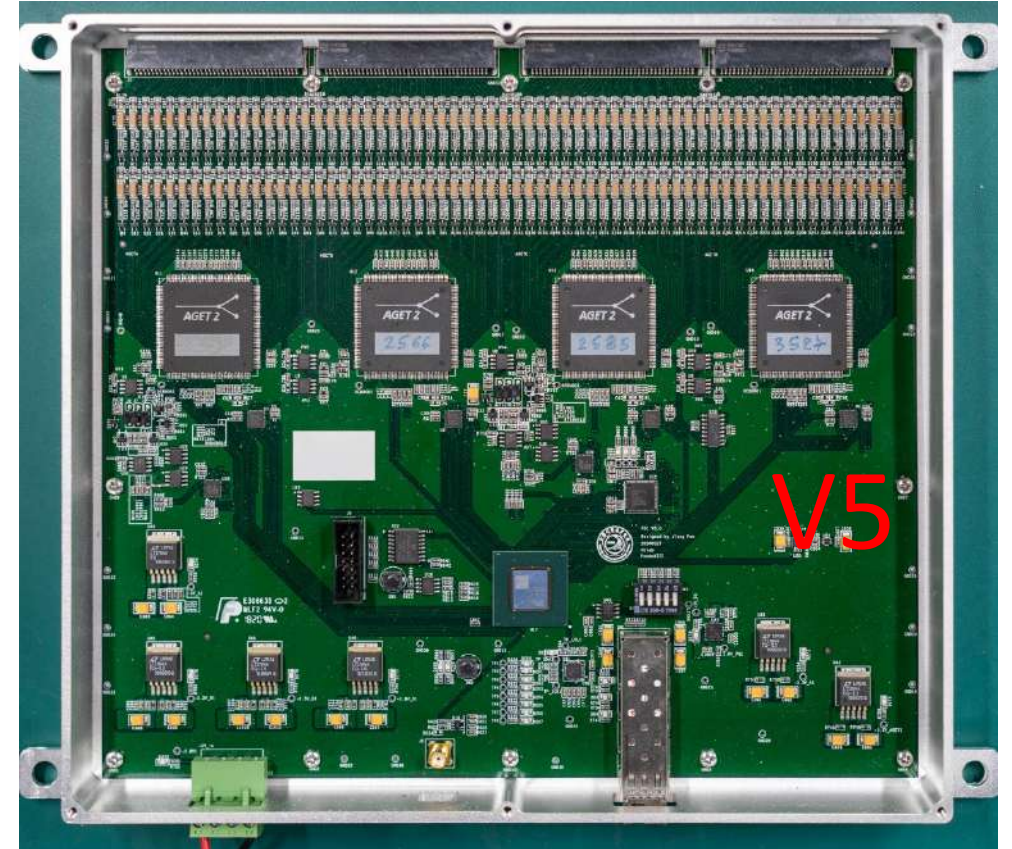
# Front end electronics

Frontend electronics based on AGET

ASIC chips

- 64 channel per AGET
- 512 sampling point per channel
- Dynamic range up to 10 pC
- Sampling rate: 1 MHz to 100 MHz

V6 for mass production, in progress





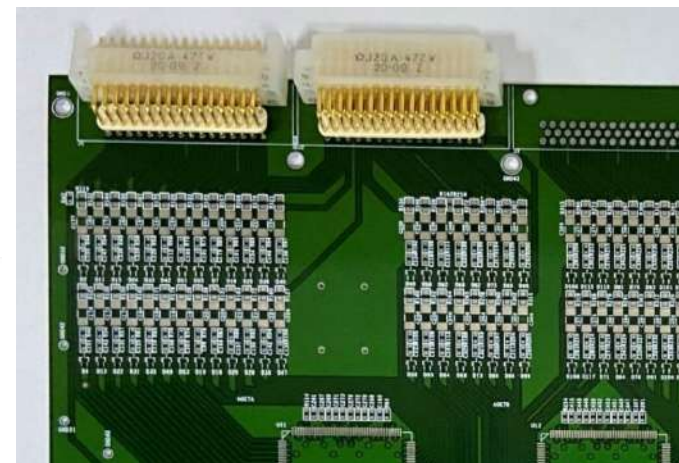
# Quest for low background



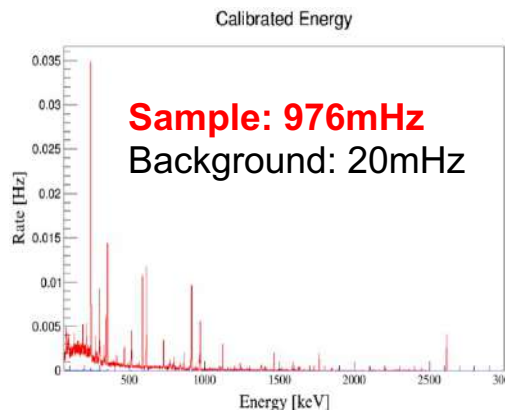
FEC with FR4



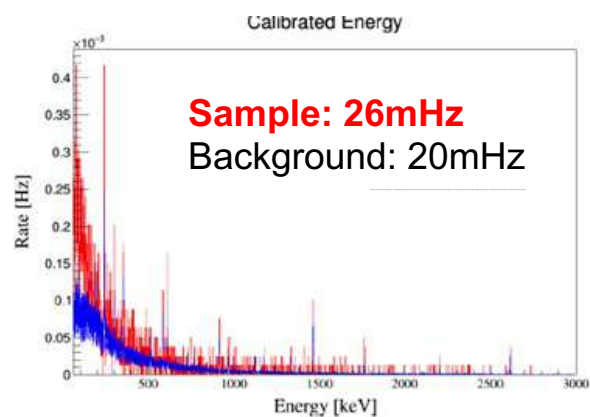
FEC V5 with Kapton



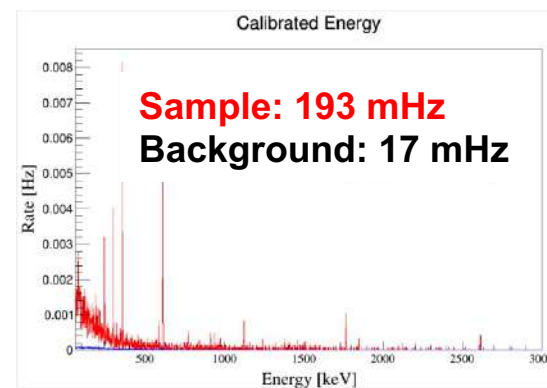
Low background connector  
found by USTC



FEC with FR4



FEC board with Kapton

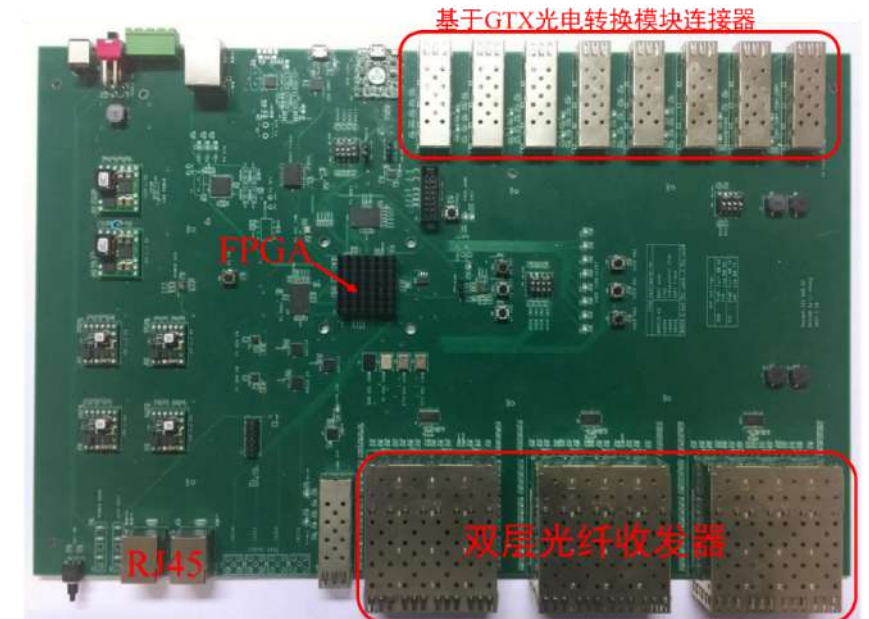
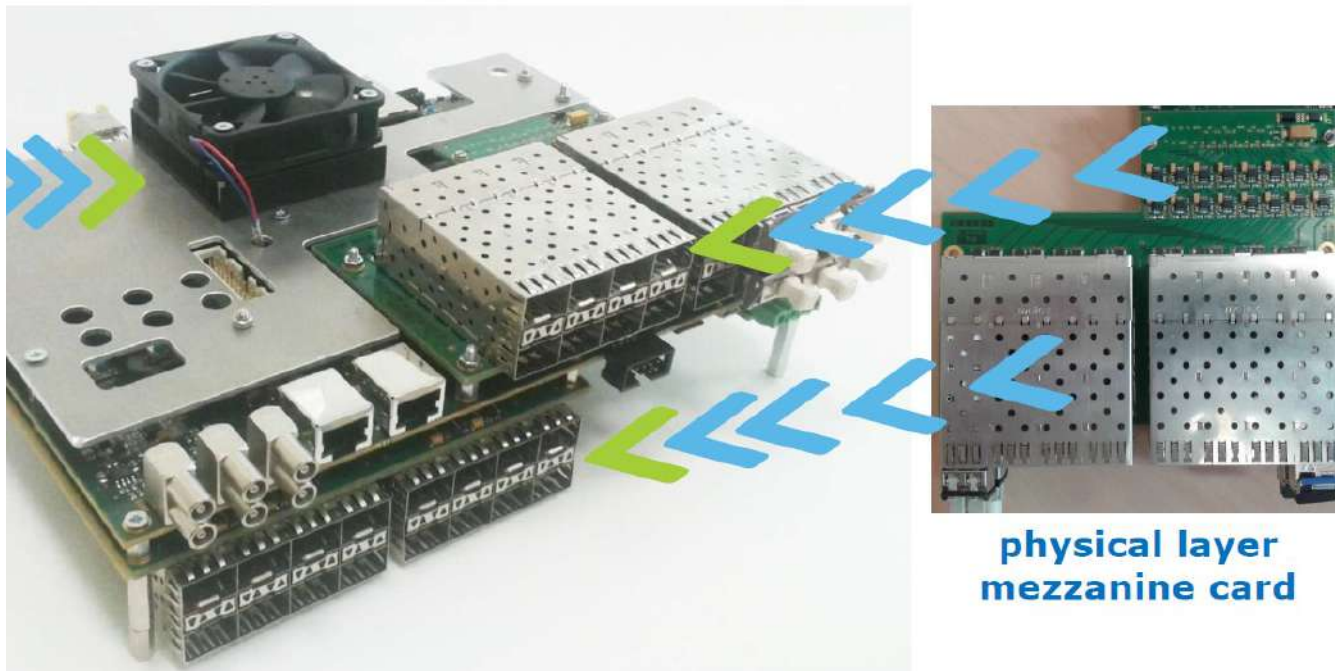


FEC with Kapton

# Backend

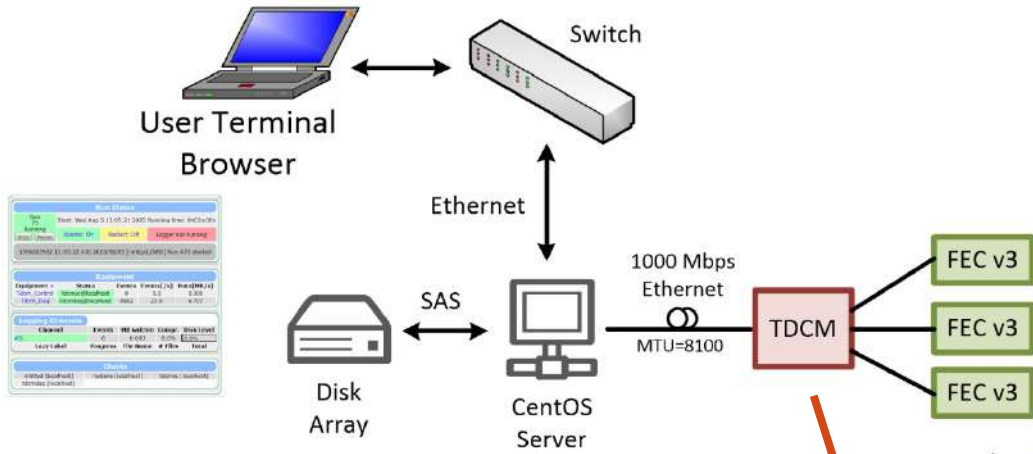
## Backend: The Trigger and Data Concentrator Module – TDCM

- Designed by Saclay for PandaX-III and T2K-II
- A custom-made 6U form factor carrier board with two physical layer mezzanine cards for **32 FECs**
- Backup option: DCM from USTC

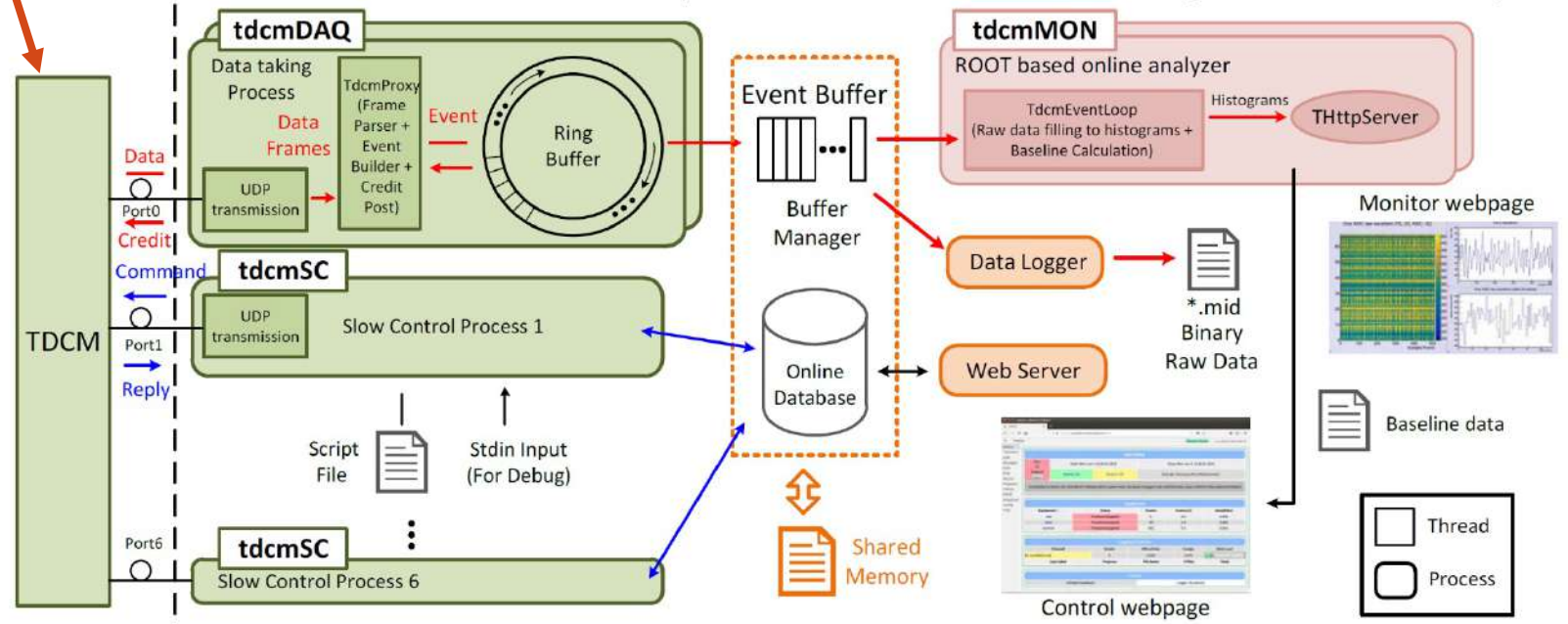
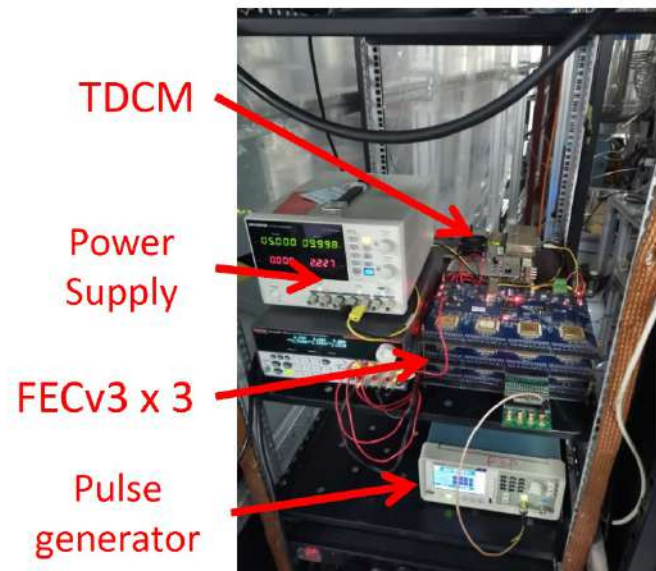




# DAQ chain



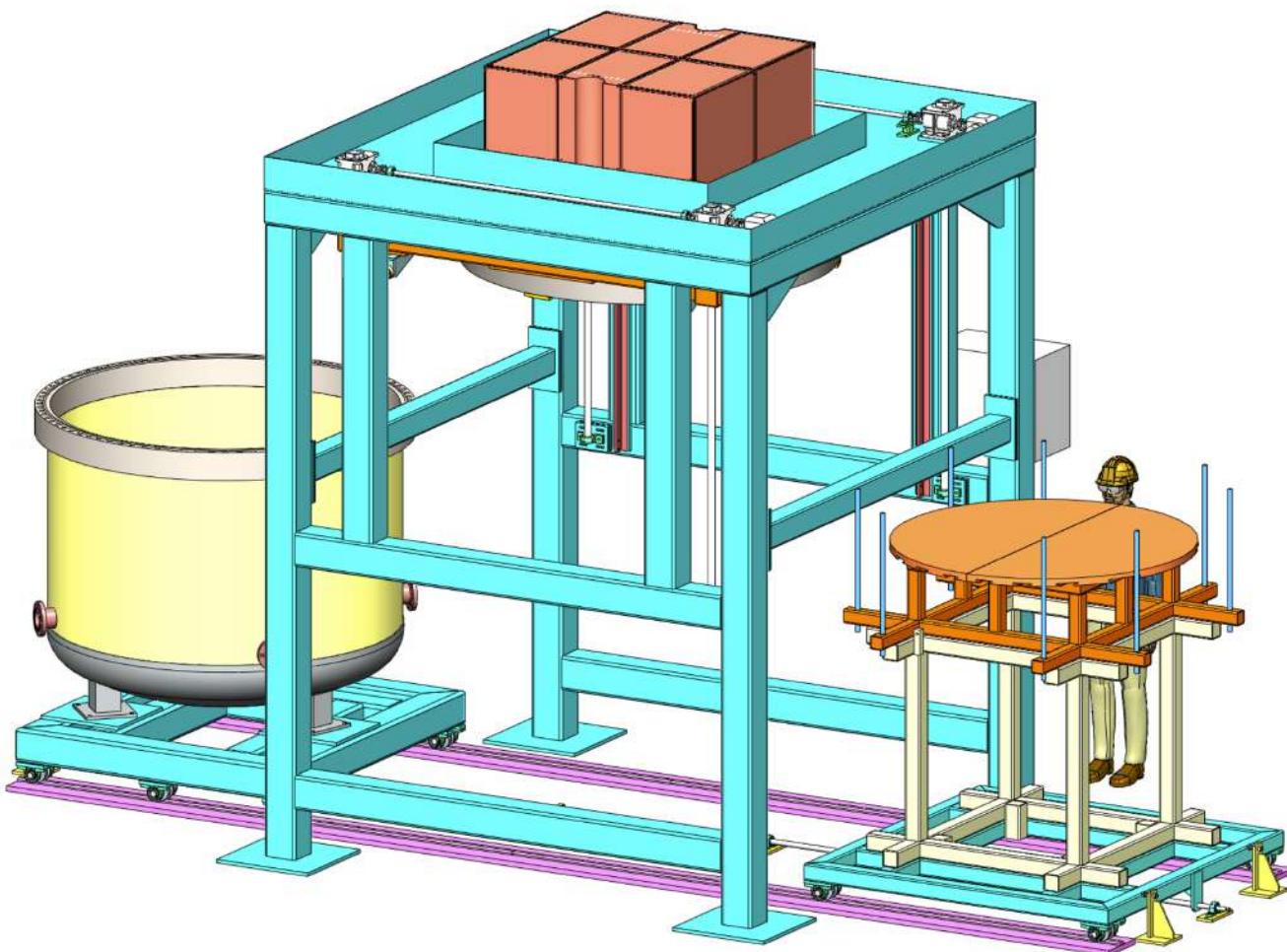
- DAQ chain joint test is on-going with promising results
- DAQ software based on MIDAS reaches stable state





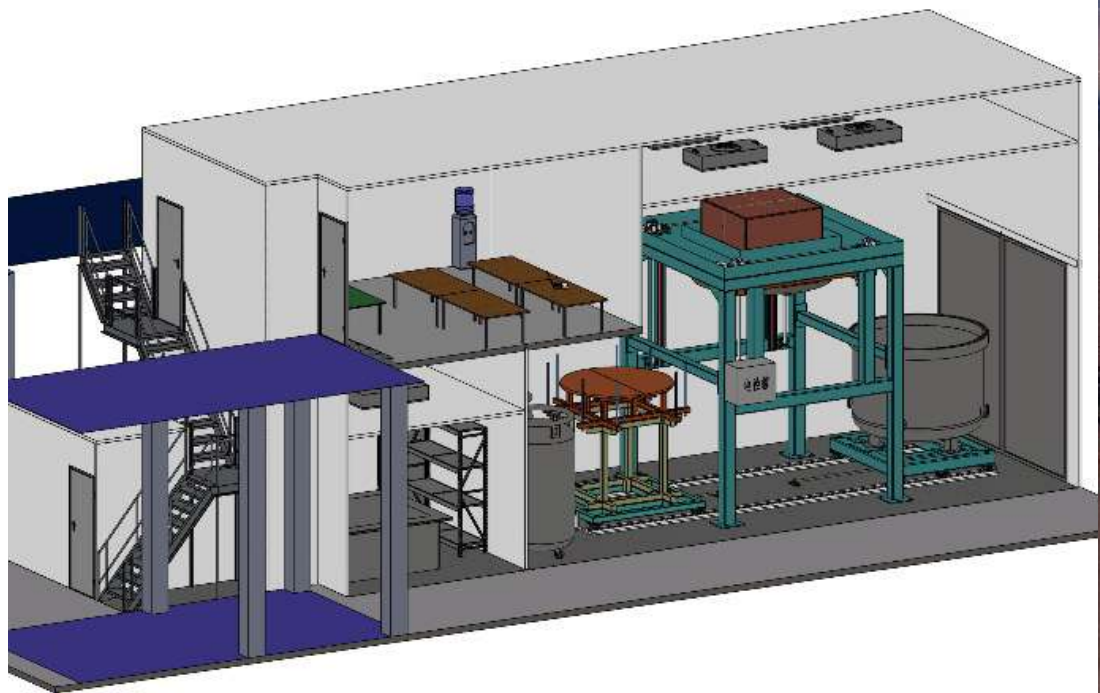


# Detector installation fixture



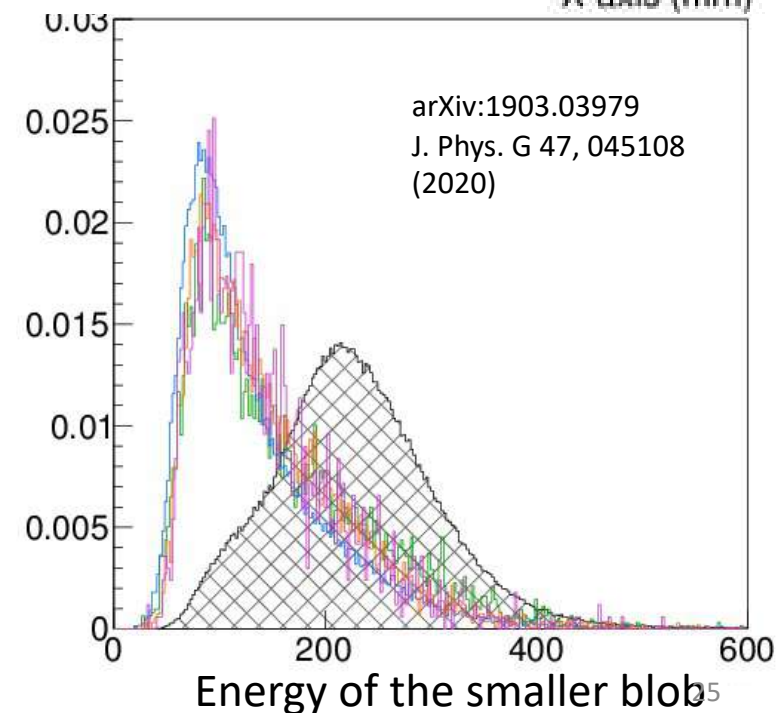
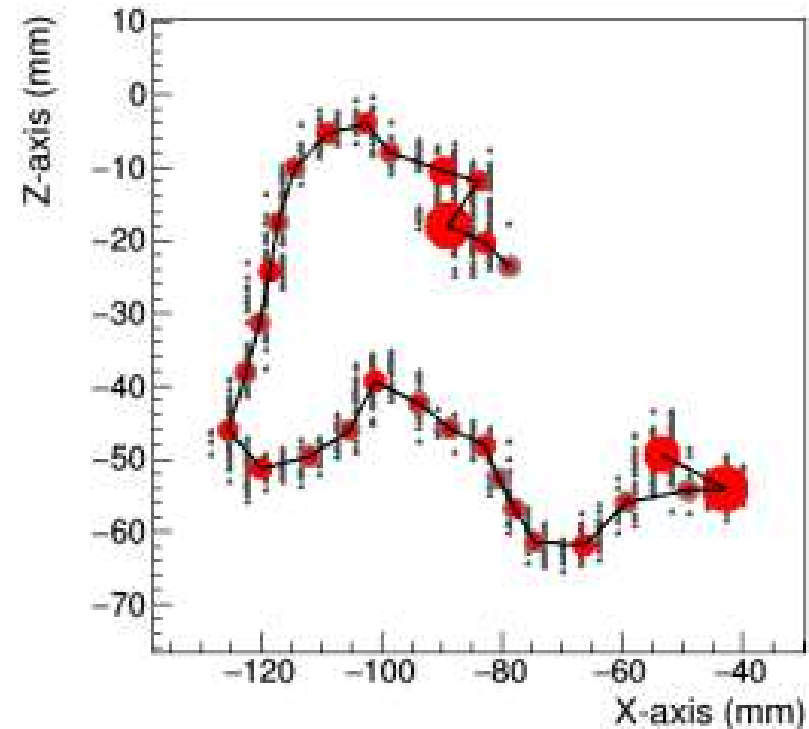
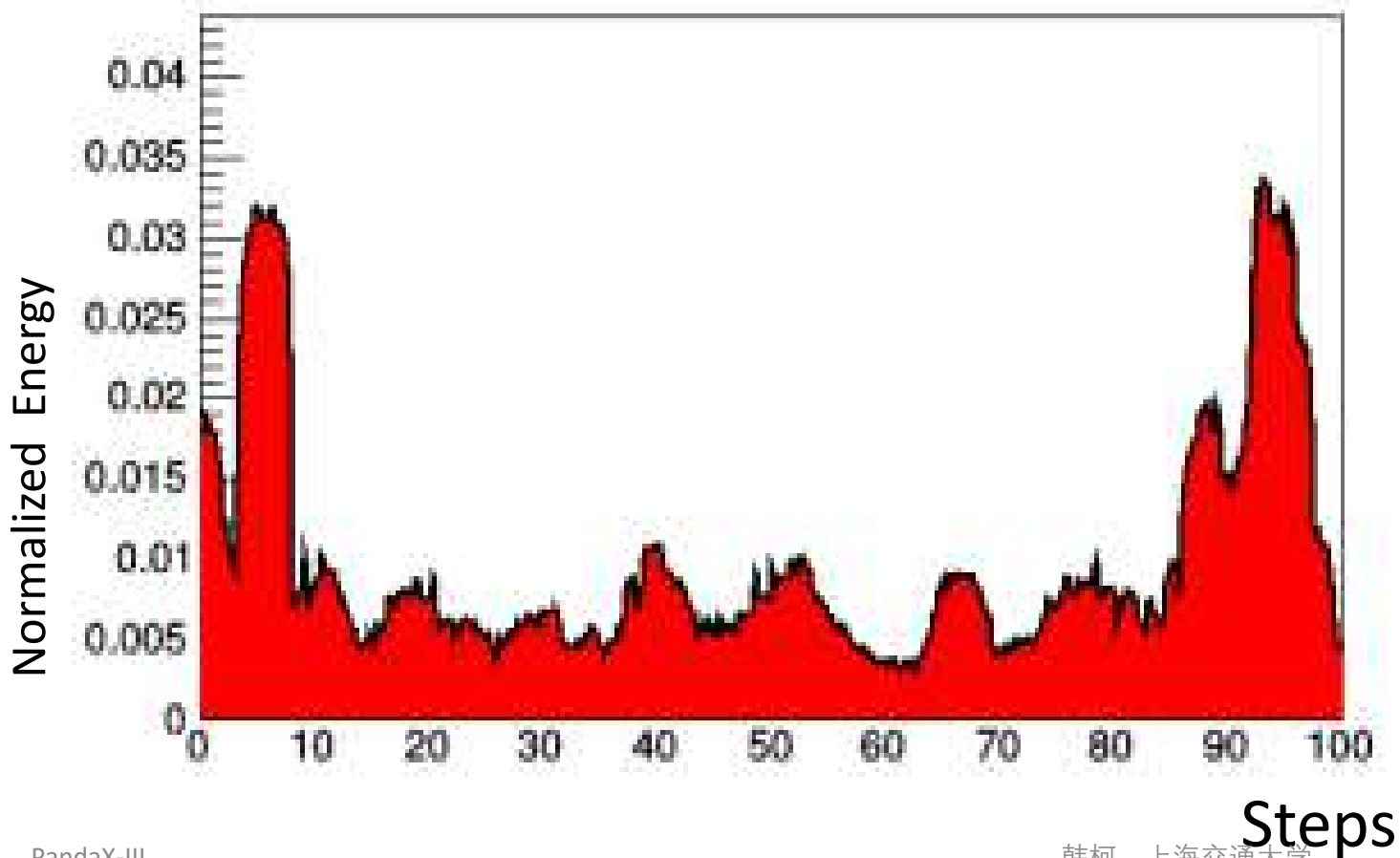


# Clean room at CJPL-II



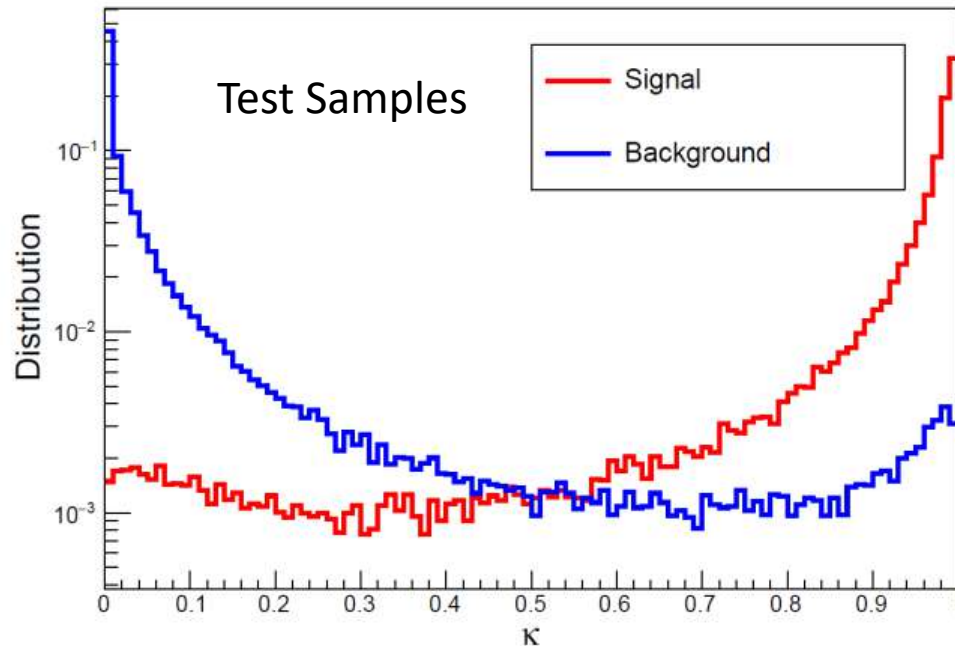
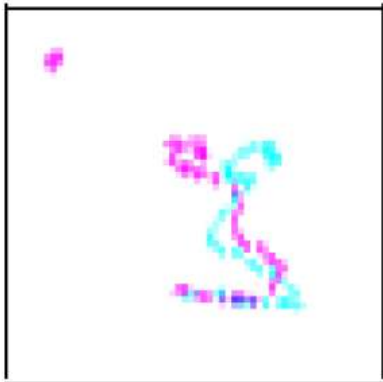
# Traditional “cut” based analysis

- Reconstructing tracks in XZ, YZ planes
- Number of tracks optimization by tuning “track distance”
- Energy of end blobs cut optimization

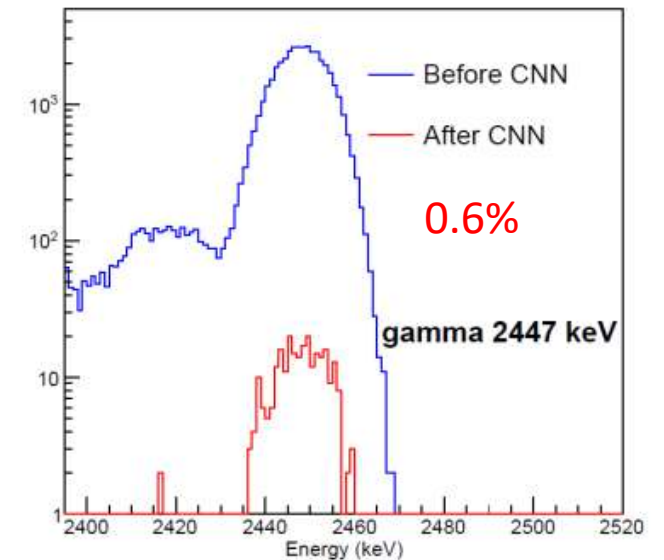
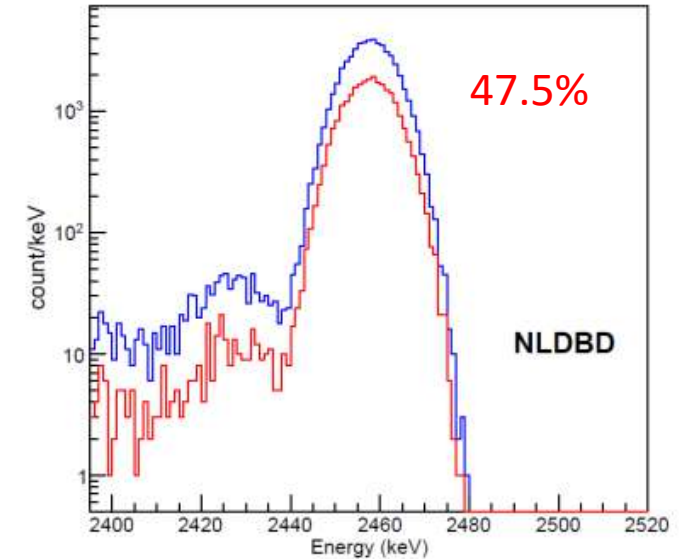


# Convolutional Neural network (CNN) for track classification

- XZ, YZ **2D snapshots** of an event as input of CNN to spill out an index of signal/background
- Prepare image collections for CNN training, validation, and classification.
- **No track reconstruction needed.**
- **More effective than traditional cut based approach.**



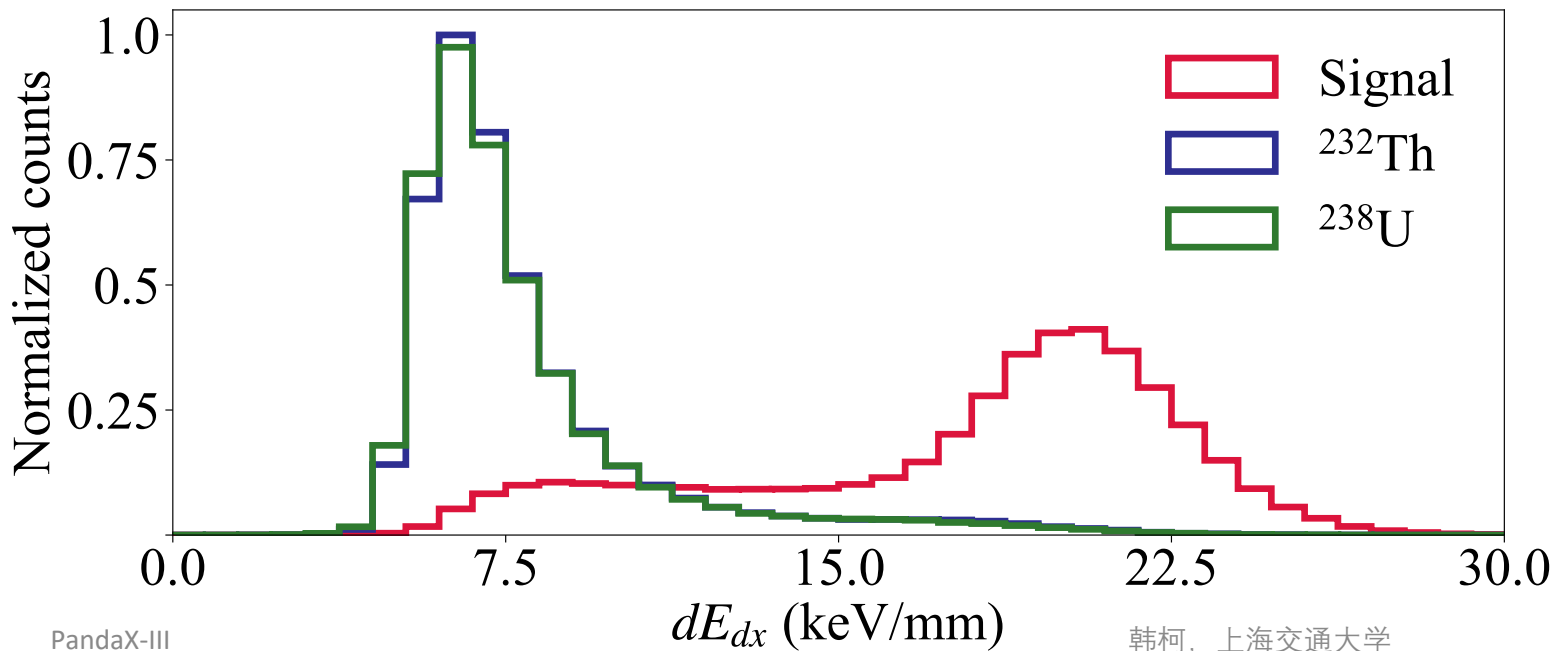
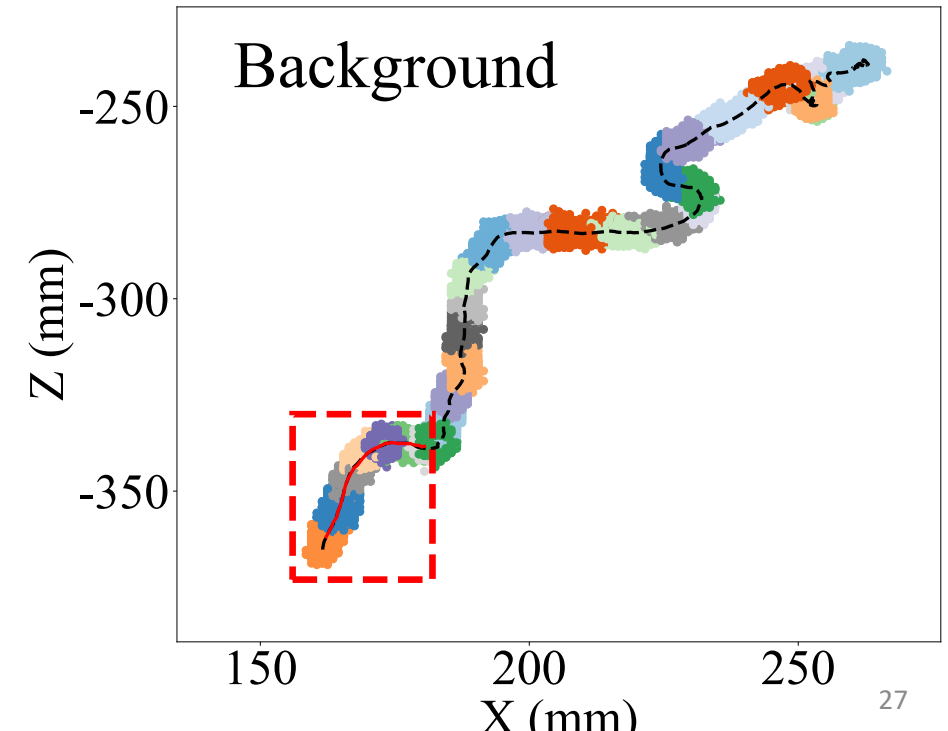
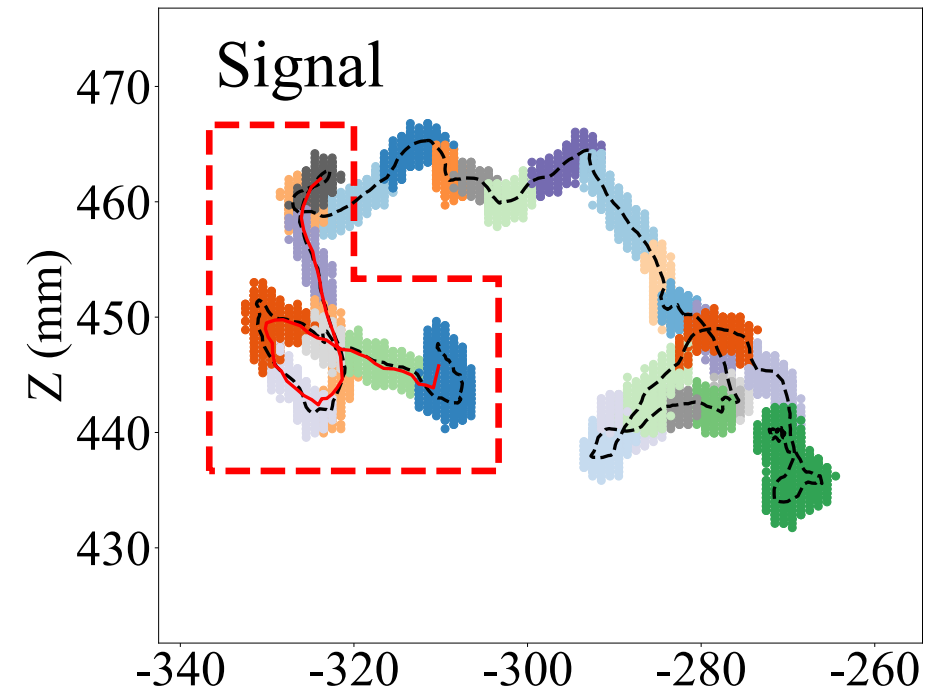
arXiv:1802.03489, Sci. China Phys. Mech.  
Astron. 61 (2018) 101007





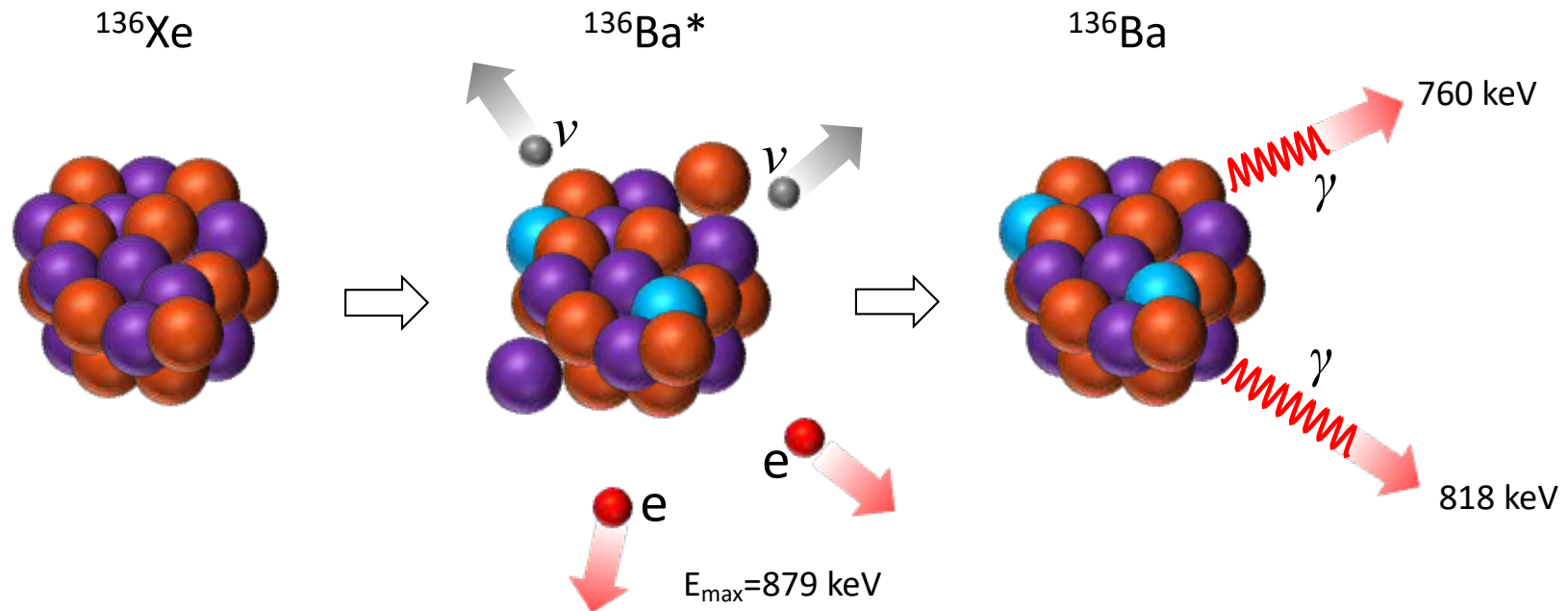
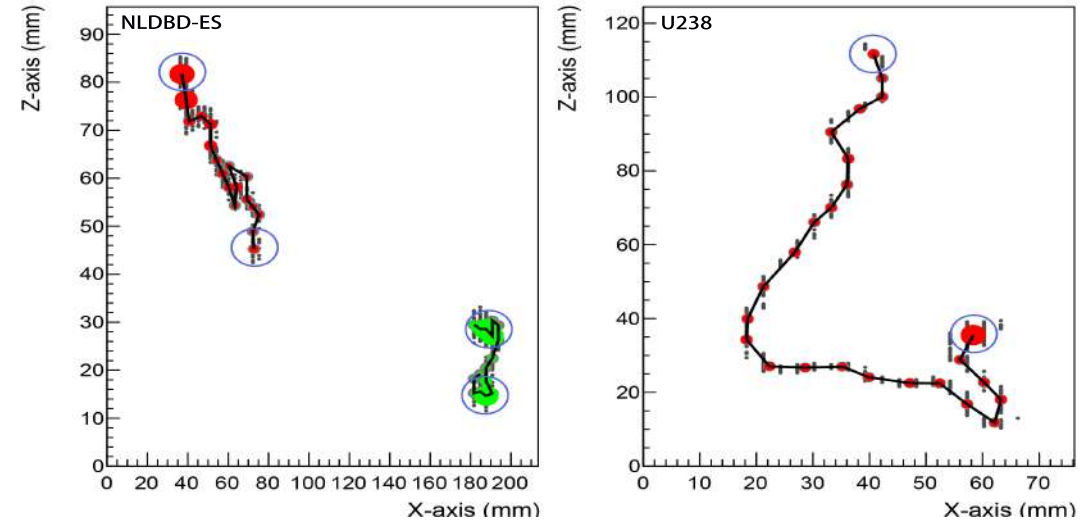
# Kalman filter based track reconstruction

- Iterative process with Kalman filter in Bayesian formalism to better reconstruct the tracks and calculate  $dE/dx$
- Improve  $0\nu\beta\beta$  search sensitivity by 3 times to  $2.7 \times 10^{26}$  year
- Tao Li (SYSU), Shaobo Wang, et al [arXiv:2102.08221](https://arxiv.org/abs/2102.08221)



# Double beta decay to excited states

- Double beta decay to excited states of  $^{136}\text{Ba}$
- Dual-electron + Gamma emission: clearer signature
- Position sensitivity and dual-beta/gamma discrimination to enhance search sensitivity: NLDBD-ES by 4.8 times, and DBD-ES by 1.8 times.



# Summary

- **PandaX-III** 100-kg scale high pressure gas TPC module
  - Sub-systems move forward
  - Assembly starts soon
- Half-life sensitivity with 3 years of data:  $9 \times 10^{25}$  yr (90% CL)
  - Will fully exploit tracking feature to further improve the sensitivity

