Nuclear matrix elements for neutrinoless double beta decay

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## Outline

- Background
- Theoretical approaches and results
- Attempts of measuring the NME
- Conclusions and Outlook


## Background

- Theoretical descriptions of Ovßß from new physics to nuclear physics

Cirigliano 18'


## Background

- Theoretical descriptions of $0 v \beta \beta$ from new physics to nuclear physics

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- Theoretical descriptions of $0 v \beta \beta$ from new physics to nuclear physics

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- Theoretical descriptions of Ovßß from new physics to nuclear physics

Cirigliano 18'


## Background

- The master formula for decay width $\left(0^{+}->0^{+}\right)$: Cirigliano 18'

$$
\begin{aligned}
\left(T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right)^{-1}=g_{A}^{4}\left\{G_{01}\right. & \left(\left|\mathcal{A}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+\left|\mathcal{A}_{R}\right|^{2}\right)-2\left(G_{01}-G_{04}\right) \operatorname{Re} \mathcal{A}_{\nu}^{*} \mathcal{A}_{R}+4 G_{02}\left|\mathcal{A}_{E}\right|^{2} \\
& +2 G_{04}\left[\left|\mathcal{A}_{m_{e}}\right|^{2}+\operatorname{Re}\left(\mathcal{A}_{m_{e}}^{*}\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}+\mathcal{A}_{R}\right)\right)\right] \\
& -2 G_{03} \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}+\mathcal{A}_{R}\right) \mathcal{A}_{E}^{*}+2 \mathcal{A}_{m_{e}} \mathcal{A}_{E}^{*}\right] \\
& \left.+G_{09}\left|\mathcal{A}_{M}\right|^{2}+G_{06} \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}-\mathcal{A}_{R}\right) \mathcal{A}_{M}^{*}\right]\right\} .
\end{aligned}
$$

- Here A's are combinations of the $\beta \beta$ decay NMEs and LECs
- G's are the phase space factors and are trivial for numerical calculations


## Background

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{A}_{\nu}=\frac{m_{\beta \beta}}{m_{e}} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(3)}+\frac{m_{N}}{m_{e}} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(6)}+\frac{m_{N}^{2}}{m_{e} v} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(9)} \quad \mathcal{A}_{M}=\frac{m_{N}}{m_{e}} \mathcal{M}_{M}^{(6)}+\frac{m_{N}^{2}}{m_{e} v} \mathcal{M}_{M}^{(9)} \\
& \mathcal{A}_{E}=\mathcal{M}_{E, L}^{(6)}+\mathcal{M}_{E, R}^{(6)} \quad \mathcal{A}_{m_{e}}=\mathcal{M}_{m_{e}, L}^{(6)}+\mathcal{M}_{m_{e}, R}^{(6)} \quad \mathcal{A}_{R}=\frac{m_{N}^{2}}{m_{e} v} \mathcal{M}_{R}^{(9)}
\end{aligned}
$$

- M's here are the combinations of NMEs, for the neutrino mass mechanism, we have $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{F}}$, $\mathrm{Mg}_{\mathrm{G}}$ and $\mathrm{M}_{T}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(3)}= & -V_{u d}^{2}\left(-\frac{1}{g_{A}^{2}} M_{F}+\mathcal{M}_{G T}+\mathcal{M}_{T}+2 \frac{m_{\pi}^{2} g_{\nu}^{N N}}{g_{A}^{2}} M_{F, s d}\right), \\
\mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(9)}= & -\frac{1}{2 m_{N}^{2}} C_{\pi \pi \mathrm{L}}^{(9)}\left(\frac{1}{2} M_{G T, s d}^{A P}+M_{G T, s d}^{P P}+\frac{1}{2} M_{T, s d}^{A P}+M_{T, s d}^{P P}\right) \quad \mathcal{M}_{R}^{(9)}=\left.\mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(9)}\right|_{L \rightarrow R} \\
& +\frac{m_{\pi}^{2}}{2 m_{N}^{2}} C_{\pi N \mathrm{~L}}^{(9)}\left(M_{G T, s d}^{A P}+M_{T, s d}^{A P}\right)-\frac{2}{g_{A}^{2}} \frac{m_{\pi}^{2}}{m_{N}^{2}} C_{N N \mathrm{~L}}^{(9)} M_{F, s d}, \\
\left(T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right)^{-1}= & g_{A}^{4} G_{01}\left(\left|\mathrm{~A}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+\left|\mathrm{A}_{R}\right|^{2}\right)
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$$

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- M's here are the combinations of NMEs, for the neutrino mass mechanism, we have $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{F}}$, Mgt and $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{T}}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathcal{M}_{\nu}^{(3)}=-V_{u d}^{2}\left(-\frac{1}{g_{A}^{2}} M_{F}+\mathcal{M}_{G T}+\mathcal{M}_{T}+2 \frac{m_{\pi}^{2} g_{\nu}^{N N}}{g_{A}^{2}} M_{F, s d}\right), \\
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& +\frac{m_{\pi}^{2}}{2 m_{N}^{2}} C_{\pi N \mathrm{~L}}^{(9)}\left(M_{G T, s d}^{A P}+M_{T, s d}^{A P}\right)-\frac{2}{g_{A}^{2}} \frac{m_{\pi}^{2}}{m_{N}^{2}} C_{N N \mathrm{~L}}^{(9)} M_{F, s d},
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\left(T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right)^{-1}=g_{A}^{4} G_{01}\left(\left|\mathrm{~A}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+\left|\mathrm{A}_{R}\right|^{2}\right)
$$

## Background

- Mf, Mgt and Mt are the long range Fermi, Gamow-Teller and tensor part we are familiar with

$$
\mathcal{M}_{G T}=M_{G T}^{A A}+M_{G T}^{A P}+M_{G T}^{P P}+M_{G T}^{M M} \quad \mathcal{M}_{T}=M_{T}^{A P}+M_{T}^{P P}+M_{T}^{M M}
$$

- Where

$$
M_{I}^{K}=\langle f| \frac{2 R}{\pi} \int h_{I}^{K}(q) j_{I}(q r) \frac{q d q}{q+E_{N}} \mathcal{O}_{I}|i\rangle
$$

- Short range NMEs are similar $M_{I, s d}^{K}=\langle f| \frac{2 R}{\pi} \int h_{I}^{K}(q) j_{I}(q r) \frac{q^{2} d q}{q+E_{N}} \widehat{O}_{I}|i\rangle$
- All these M's can be expressed in 15 NMEs
$M_{F} \quad M_{G T}^{A A} \quad M_{G T}^{A P} \quad M_{G T}^{P P} \quad M_{G T}^{M M} \quad M_{T}^{A A} \quad M_{T}^{A P} \quad M_{T}^{P P} \quad M_{T}^{M M}$
$M_{F, s d} \quad M_{G T, s d}^{A A} \quad M_{G T, s d}^{A P} \quad M_{G T, s d}^{P P} \quad M_{T, s d}^{A P} \quad M_{T, s d}^{P P}$


## Background

## Stefanik 18’

- A comparison with LR symmetric model in traditional treatment where left- and right-handed neutrino are treated equally (short range mechanism neglected)

$$
\begin{aligned}
{\left[T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right]^{-1} } & =g_{A}^{4}\left|M_{G T}\right|^{2}\left\{C_{m m}\left(\frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\right)^{2}+C_{m \lambda} \frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\langle\lambda\rangle \cos \psi_{1}\right. \\
& \left.+C_{m \eta} \frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\langle\eta\rangle \cos \psi_{2}+C_{\lambda \lambda}\langle\lambda\rangle^{2}+C_{\eta \eta}\langle\eta\rangle^{2}+C_{\lambda \eta}\langle\lambda\rangle\langle\eta\rangle \cos \left(\psi_{1}-\psi_{2}\right)\right\}
\end{aligned}
$$

- Where

$$
\begin{aligned}
C_{m m}= & \left(1-\chi_{F}+\chi_{T}\right)^{2} G_{01}, & C_{\eta \eta}= & \chi_{2+}^{2} G_{02}+\frac{1}{9} \chi_{1-}^{2} G_{011}-\frac{2}{9} \chi_{1-} \chi_{2+} G_{010}+\chi_{P}^{2} G_{08} \\
C_{m \lambda}= & -\left(1-\chi_{F}+\chi_{T}\right)\left[\chi_{2-} G_{03}-\chi_{1+} G_{04}\right], & & -\chi_{P} \chi_{R} G_{07}+\chi_{R}^{2} G_{09}, \\
C_{m \eta}= & \left(1-\chi_{F}+\chi_{T}\right)\left[\chi_{2+} G_{03}-\chi_{1-} G_{04}\right. & C_{\lambda \eta}= & -2\left[\chi_{2-} \chi_{2+} G_{02}-\frac{1}{9}\left(\chi_{1+} \chi_{2+}+\chi_{2-} \chi_{1-}\right) G_{010}\right. \\
& \left.-\chi_{P} G_{05}+\chi_{R} G_{06}\right], & & \left.+\frac{1}{9} \chi_{1+} \chi_{1-} G_{011}\right] .
\end{aligned}
$$

$C_{\lambda \lambda}=\chi_{2-}^{2} G_{02}+\frac{1}{9} \chi_{1+}^{2} G_{011}-\frac{2}{9} \chi_{1+} \chi_{2-} G_{010}$,

## Background

- The rich structures for these NMEs are simulated

$$
\chi_{1 \pm}=\chi_{q G T}-6 \chi_{q T} \pm 3 \chi_{q F}, \quad \chi_{2 \pm}=\chi_{G T \omega}+\chi_{T \omega} \pm \chi_{F \omega}-\frac{1}{9} \chi_{1 \mp} .
$$

- These are terms from the helicity exchange terms in neutrino propagator

$$
\begin{aligned}
& M_{\omega F, \omega G T, \omega T}=\sum\left\langle A_{f}\left\|h_{\omega F, \omega G T, \omega T}\left(r_{-}\right) \mathcal{O}_{F, G T, T}\right\| A_{i}\right\rangle \\
& M_{q F, q G T, q T}=\sum\left\langle A_{f}\left\|h_{q F, q G T, q T}\left(r_{-}\right) \mathcal{O}_{F, G T, T}\right\| A_{i}\right\rangle
\end{aligned}
$$

- And also time-space components and recoil terms

$$
\begin{aligned}
& M_{P}=\sum i\left\langle A_{f}\left\|h_{P}\left(r_{-}\right) \tau_{r}^{+} \tau_{s}^{+} \frac{\left(\mathbf{r}_{-} \times \mathbf{r}_{+}\right)}{R^{2}} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_{r}\right\| A_{i}\right\rangle \\
& M_{R}=\sum\left\langle A_{f}\left\|\left[h_{R G}\left(r_{-}\right) \mathcal{O}_{G T}+h_{R T}\left(r_{-}\right) \mathcal{O}_{T}\right]\right\| A_{i}\right\rangle
\end{aligned}
$$

## Background

Stefanik 18’

- A comparison with LR symmetric model in traditional treatment where left- and right-handed neutrino are treated equally

$$
\begin{aligned}
{\left[T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right]^{-1} } & =g_{A}^{4}\left|M_{G T}\right|^{2}\left\{C_{m m}\left(\frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\right)^{2}+C_{m \lambda} \frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\langle\lambda\rangle \cos \psi_{1}\right. \\
& \left.+C_{m \eta} \frac{\left|m_{\beta \beta}\right|}{m_{e}}\langle\eta\rangle \cos \psi_{2}+C_{\lambda \lambda}\langle\lambda\rangle^{2}+C_{\eta \eta}\langle\eta\rangle^{2}+C_{\lambda \eta}\langle\lambda\rangle\langle\eta\rangle \cos \left(\psi_{1}-\psi_{2}\right)\right\}
\end{aligned}
$$

- An comparison with SMEFT

$$
\begin{aligned}
\left(T_{1 / 2}^{0 \nu}\right)^{-1}=g_{A}^{4}\{ & G_{01}\left(\left|\mathcal{A}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+\left|\mathscr{X}_{R}\right|^{2}\right)-2\left(G_{01}-G_{04}\right) \operatorname{Re} \mathcal{A}_{\nu}^{*} \mathscr{X}_{R}+4 G_{02}\left|\mathcal{A}_{E}\right|^{2} \\
& +2 G_{04}\left[\left|\mathcal{A}_{m_{e}}\right|^{2}+\operatorname{Re}\left(\mathcal{A}_{m_{e}}^{*}\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}+\mathscr{H}_{R}\right)\right)\right] \\
& -2 G_{03} \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}+\not \mathscr{X}_{R}\right) \mathcal{A}_{E}^{*}+2 \mathcal{A}_{m_{e}} \mathcal{A}_{E}^{*}\right] \\
& \left.+G_{09}\left|\mathcal{A}_{M}\right|^{2}+G_{06} \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\mathcal{A}_{\nu}-\mathcal{H}_{R}\right) \mathcal{A}_{M}^{*}\right]\right\} .
\end{aligned}
$$

## Background

## Cirigliano 17', Hyvarinen15', Barea 15', Horoi 18'

- NME correspondence in different references

| NMEs | Ref. $[76,84,85]$ | Ref. $[83]$ | Ref. $[32]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $M_{F}$ | $M_{F}$ | $M_{F}$ | $M_{F, F \omega, F q}$ |
| $M_{G T}^{A A}$ | $M_{G T}^{A A}$ | $M_{G T}^{A A}$ | $M_{G T \omega, G T q}$ |
| $M_{G T}^{A P}$ | $M_{G T}^{A P}$ | $M_{G T}^{A P}$ | $4 \frac{m_{e}}{B} M_{G T \pi \nu}+\frac{1}{3} M_{G T 2 \pi}$ |
| $M_{G T}^{P P}$ | $M_{G T}^{P P}$ | $M_{G T}^{P P}$ | $-\frac{1}{6} M_{G T 2 \pi}$ |
| $M_{G T}^{M M}$ | $r_{M}^{2} M_{G T}^{M M}$ | $M_{G T}^{M M}$ | $r_{M} \frac{g_{M}}{2 g_{A} g_{V} R_{A} m_{N}} M_{R}=\frac{g_{M}^{2}}{6 g_{A}^{2} R_{A} m_{N}} M_{G T^{\prime}}$ |
| $M_{T}^{A A}$ | $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{x}$ |
| $M_{T}^{A P}$ | $M_{T}^{A P}$ | $M_{T}^{A P}$ | $4 \frac{m_{e}}{B} M_{T \pi \nu}+\frac{1}{3} M_{T 2 \pi}$ |
| $M_{T}^{P P}$ | $M_{T}^{P P}$ | $M_{T}^{P P}$ | $-\frac{1}{6} M_{T 2 \pi}$ |
| $M_{T}^{M M}$ | $r_{M}^{2} M_{T}^{M M}$ | $M_{T}^{M M}$ | $-\frac{g_{M}^{2}}{12 g_{A}^{2} R_{A} m_{N}} M_{T}^{\prime}$ |
| $M_{F, s d}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{F, s d}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{F, s d}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{F N}=\frac{m_{N}}{R_{A} m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{F}^{\prime}$ |
| $M_{G T, s d}^{A A}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{A A}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{A A}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T N}=\frac{m_{N}}{R_{A} m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T}^{\prime}$ |
| $M_{G T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{2}{3} M_{G T 1 \pi}$ |
| $M_{G T, s d}^{P P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{P P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{G T, s d}^{P P}$ | $\frac{1}{6}\left(M_{G T 2 \pi}-2 M_{G T 1 \pi}\right)$ |
| $M_{T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{m_{e} m_{N}}{m_{\pi}^{2}} M_{T, s d}^{A P}$ | $\frac{2}{3} M_{T 1 \pi}$ |
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## Background

- A more precise derivation of decay half-lives and angular correlations has also been done including short-range dim-9 operators beyond these approximations Deppisch 20'

$$
\frac{d^{2} \Gamma}{d E_{1} d \cos \theta}=C w\left(E_{1}\right)\left(a\left(E_{1}\right)+b\left(E_{1}\right) \cos \theta\right)
$$

- With

$$
\begin{aligned}
a\left(E_{1}\right)= & f_{11+}^{(0)}\left|\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{L} \mathcal{M}_{I}+\epsilon_{\nu} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+f_{11+}^{(0)}\left|\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{R} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right|^{2}+\frac{1}{16} f_{66}^{(0)}\left|\sum_{I=4}^{5} \epsilon_{I} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right|^{2} \\
& +f_{11-}^{(0)} \times 2 \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{L} \mathcal{M}_{I}+\epsilon_{\nu} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}\right)\left(\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{R} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right)^{*}\right] \\
& +\frac{1}{4} f_{16}^{(0)} \times 2 \operatorname{Re}\left[\left(\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{L} \mathcal{M}_{I}-\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{R} \mathcal{M}_{I}+\epsilon_{\nu} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}\right)\left(\sum_{I=4}^{5} \epsilon_{I} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right)^{*}\right] \\
b\left(E_{1}\right)= & f_{11+}^{(1)}\left|\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{L} \mathcal{M}_{I}+\epsilon_{\nu} \mathcal{M}_{\nu}\right|^{2}+f_{11+}^{(1)}\left|\sum_{I=1}^{3} \epsilon_{I}^{R} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right|^{2}+\frac{1}{16} f_{66}^{(1)}\left|\sum_{I=4}^{5} \epsilon_{I} \mathcal{M}_{I}\right|^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Background

- In above derivation, extra currents with their form factors are derived

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \langle p| \bar{u}\left(1 \pm \gamma_{5}\right) d|n\rangle=\bar{N} \tau^{+}\left[F_{S}\left(q^{2}\right) \pm F_{P^{\prime}}\left(q^{2}\right) \gamma_{5}\right] N^{\prime} \\
& \langle p| \bar{u} \sigma^{\mu \nu}\left(1 \pm \gamma_{5}\right) d|n\rangle=\bar{N} \tau^{+}\left[J^{\mu \nu} \pm \frac{i}{2} \epsilon^{\mu \nu \rho \sigma} J_{\rho \sigma}\right] N^{\prime}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
J^{\mu \nu}=F_{T_{1}}\left(q^{2}\right) \sigma^{\mu \nu}+i \frac{F_{T_{2}}\left(q^{2}\right)}{m_{p}}\left(\gamma^{\mu} q^{\nu}-\gamma^{\nu} q^{\mu}\right)+\frac{F_{T_{3}}\left(q^{2}\right)}{m_{p}^{2}}\left(\sigma^{\mu \rho} q_{\rho} q^{\nu}-\sigma^{\nu \rho} q_{\rho} q^{\mu}\right)
$$

- We have much complicated structure for NMEs

$$
\begin{array}{rlr}
\mathcal{M}_{1}= & g_{S}^{2} \mathcal{M}_{F} \pm \frac{g_{P^{\prime}}^{2}}{12}\left(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime P^{\prime} P^{\prime}}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime P^{\prime} P^{\prime}}\right) \quad \mathcal{M}_{4}=\mp i\left[g_{A} g_{T_{1}} \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{A T_{1}}-\frac{g_{P} g_{T_{1}}}{12}\left(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime P T_{1}}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime P T_{1}}\right)\right] \\
\mathcal{M}_{3}= & g_{V}^{2} \mathcal{M}_{F}+\frac{\left(g_{V}+g_{W}\right)^{2}}{12}\left(-2 \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime W W}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime W W}\right) \quad \mathcal{M}_{2}=-2 g_{T_{1}}^{2} \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{T_{1} T_{1}} \\
& \mp\left[g_{A}^{2} \mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{A A}-\frac{g_{A} g_{P}}{6}\left(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime A P}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime A P}\right) \quad \mathcal{M}_{5}=g_{V} g_{S} \mathcal{M}_{F} \pm\left[\frac{g_{A} g_{P^{\prime}}}{12}\left(\tilde{\mathcal{M}}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{A P^{\prime}}+\tilde{\mathcal{M}}_{T}^{A P^{\prime}}\right)\right.\right. \\
& \left.+\frac{g_{P}^{2}}{48}\left(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime \prime P P}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime \prime P P}\right)\right] . & \left.-\frac{g_{P} g_{P^{\prime}}}{24}\left(\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{q_{0} P P^{\prime}}+\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime q_{0} P P^{\prime}}\right)\right] .
\end{array}
$$

## Approaches

- Modern nuclear structure calculations relay on our understanding of nuclear force and many-body correlations
- For the nuclear force used in many-body approaches:
- Effective nuclear force - derived from bare nucleon force and softened by certain methods
- Phenomenological force - starting with certain symmetries and the parameters are fitted by nuclear properties


## Approaches

- Most traditional methods used in double beta decay calculations are based on phenomenological forces
- Shell Model (configuration interaction)
- DFT based on relativistic and non-relativistic mean-field
- GCM based on DFT
- QRPA based on DFT or phenomenological mean-field
- Geometric models without explicit inclusions of nuclear forces: pSU(3), IBM etc.


## Results

- The light neutrino mass mechanism has been in last decade well investigated although the new LO terms haven't been included
- It is impossible to give a complete list
- SM: renormalization of operator; larger model space

Caurier 12', Horoi 13', Menendez 14', Iwata 16', Menendez 18', Coraggio 20'

- QRPA: isospin symmetry restoration

Mustonen 13', Simkovic13', Hyvarinen 15', Fang 18'

- IBM: ISR

Barea 13', Barea15'

- PHFB

Sahu 15', Rath 19', Wang 21'

- DFT+GCM: relativity

Vaquero 13', Song14', Yao 15', Song17', Jiao 17'

## Results

- Compared to light neutrino mass mechanism, there are less on heavy neutrino mass
- SM: renormalization of operator; larger model space Horoi 13', Menendez 18'
- QRPA: isospin symmetry restoration

Hyvarinen 15', Fang 18'

- IBM: ISR

Barea15'

- PHFB

Rath 19'

- DFT+GCM: relativity

Song17'

Results

- Deviations from different methods

- Originating from various sources


## Results

- Comparative studies between SM and EDF

Menendez 14'


- They come out with the conclusion, SM and EDF are similar at some level when seniority is 0 for SM and only spherical shape are assumed for EDF


## Results

$$
\begin{gathered}
M^{0 \nu}=[3.0(3)][1.2(2)][0.97(3)][1.12(7)]=3.9(8) \\
M^{0 N}=[155(10)][1.65(25)][0.80(20)][1.13(13)]=232(80)
\end{gathered}
$$



- comparative studies between SM and QRPA and estimations of errors


## Results

Horoi 13', Simkovic 17', Singh 19', Sarkar 20', Ahmed 20'

- Even less are for the traditional LR symmetric models



## Results

Tomoda 88', Fang 21'

- If LR symmetric model dominates $0 v \beta \beta$ decay, the decay to $2^{+}$may be faster than decay to $0^{+}$or comparable

|  | $M_{1}$ | $M_{2}$ | $M_{3}$ | $M_{4}$ | $M_{5}$ | $M_{\lambda}$ | $M_{\eta}$ | $M_{6}$ | $M_{7}$ | $M_{\eta}^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PHFB[14] | 0.151 | 0.027 | -0.002 | -0.049 | -0.004 | 0.002 | 0.061 | 0.074 | 0.042 | 0.001 |
| Baseline | 0.705 | -0.253 | -0.046 | -0.153 | -0.048 | 0.150 | 0.469 | 0.527 | -1.270 | 1.519 |
| $N_{\max }=5$ | 0.629 | -0.208 | -0.014 | -0.124 | -0.069 | 0.151 | 0.438 | 0.661 | -1.369 | 1.688 |
| $N_{\max }=7$ | 0.640 | -0.256 | -0.048 | -0.145 | -0.063 | 0.121 | 0.439 | 0.643 | -1.251 | 1.564 |
| w/o src | 0.701 | -0.234 | -0.049 | -0.154 | -0.051 | 0.128 | 0.451 | 0.485 | -1.182 | 1.410 |
| Argonne src | 0.705 | -0.250 | -0.046 | -0.153 | -0.048 | 0.149 | 0.467 | 0.519 | -1.261 | 1.505 |
| L.O. | 0.749 | -0.347 | -0.051 | -0.154 | -0.041 | 0.228 | 0.540 | 0.823 | -1.756 | 2.152 |
| w/o $F\left(q^{2}\right)$ | 0.695 | -0.241 | -0.047 | -0.154 | -0.050 | 0.136 | 0.457 | 0.529 | -1.272 | 1.521 |
| Closure Energy | 0.696 | -0.267 | -0.043 | -0.144 | -0.041 | 0.177 | 0.472 | 0.522 | -1.247 | 1.493 |
| $g_{p p}^{T=0}=0$ | 0.611 | -0.169 | -0.054 | -0.161 | -0.065 | 0.029 | 0.376 | 0.540 | -1.240 | 1.496 |
| $g_{p p}^{T=1}=0$ | 0.795 | -0.246 | -0.034 | -0.156 | -0.034 | 0.206 | 0.516 | 0.501 | -1.437 | 1.665 |
| $g_{A}=0.75$ | 0.695 | -0.241 | -0.047 | -0.154 | -0.050 | 0.008 | 0.317 | 0.529 | -1.272 | 1.249 |

- Orders of magnitude larger with QRPA calculations


## Results

Cirigliano 17’

- Not so many studies of NMEs for mechanism in SMEFT frame, but we are on the edge for the booming



## Results

Horoi 18', Deppisch 20'

| Isotope | $\mathcal{M}_{F}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{A A}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{A T_{1}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{T_{\mathrm{G}} T_{1}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime, G W}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime W W}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime A P}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime A P}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime P T_{1}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime P T_{1}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime P^{\prime} P^{\prime}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime P^{\prime} P^{\prime}}$ | $\mathcal{M}_{\mathrm{GT}}^{\prime \prime P P}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | $\mathcal{M}_{T}^{\prime \prime P P}$

- IBM results for short range dim-9 contributions under SMEFT frame


## Results

- Mechanism not included in current SMEFT frame- the majoron mechanisms

Rath16', Capedello 19'


| Nuclei | $g_{A}$ | $\bar{M}_{m_{v}}^{(\chi)}$ |  | $\bar{M}_{\text {CR }}(\underline{ }$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \bar{M}_{\mathrm{CR}}^{(\chi)} \\ {[16]} \end{gathered}$ | $M_{\omega^{2}}^{(\chi)} \times 10^{3}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} M_{\omega^{2}}^{(x)} \\ \times 10^{3 \pm 1} \\ {[16]} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Case I | Case II | Case I | Case II |  | Case I | Case II |  |
| ${ }^{94} \mathrm{Zr}$ | 1.254 | $3.873 \pm 0.373$ | $4.071 \pm 0.246$ | $0.158 \pm 0.015$ | $0.165 \pm 0.010$ |  | $4.429 \pm 0.560$ | $4.500 \pm 0.562$ |  |
|  | 1.0 | $4.322 \pm 0.421$ | $4.550 \pm 0.270$ | $0.198 \pm 0.018$ | $0.207 \pm 0.012$ |  | $4.782 \pm 0.557$ | $4.860 \pm 0.557$ |  |
| ${ }^{96} \mathrm{Zr}$ | 1.254 | $2.857 \pm 0.264$ | $3.021 \pm 0.119$ | $0.115 \pm 0.010$ | $0.121 \pm 0.004$ |  | $3.198 \pm 0.240$ | $3.256 \pm 0.229$ |  |
|  | 1.0 | $3.204 \pm 0.307$ | $3.393 \pm 0.141$ | $0.144 \pm 0.013$ | $0.152 \pm 0.006$ |  | $3.414 \pm 0.299$ | $3.478 \pm 0.290$ |  |
| ${ }^{100} \mathrm{Mo}$ | 1.254 | $6.250 \pm 0.638$ | $6.575 \pm 0.452$ | $0.246 \pm 0.024$ | $0.258 \pm 0.016$ | 0.16 | $6.386 \pm 0.709$ | $6.499 \pm 0.711$ | $\sim 1.0$ |
|  | 1.0 | $7.035 \pm 0.746$ | $7.410 \pm 0.538$ | $0.308 \pm 0.029$ | $0.324 \pm 0.020$ |  | $6.923 \pm 0.851$ | $7.047 \pm 0.856$ |  |
| ${ }^{128} \mathrm{Te}$ | 1.254 | $3.612 \pm 0.395$ | $3.810 \pm 0.286$ | $0.130 \pm 0.014$ | $0.137 \pm 0.010$ | 0.14 | $3.732 \pm 0.456$ | $3.795 \pm 0.457$ | $\sim 1.0$ |
|  | 1.0 | $4.088 \pm 0.450$ | $4.316 \pm 0.321$ | $0.163 \pm 0.018$ | $0.172 \pm 0.013$ |  | $4.161 \pm 0.518$ | $4.230 \pm 0.519$ |  |
| ${ }^{130} \mathrm{Te}$ | 1.254 | $4.046 \pm 0.497$ | $4.254 \pm 0.406$ | $0.143 \pm 0.016$ | $0.151 \pm 0.012$ | 0.12 | $4.330 \pm 0.892$ | $4.395 \pm 0.908$ | $\sim 1.0$ |
|  | 1.0 | $4.569 \pm 0.568$ | $4.808 \pm 0.461$ | $0.180 \pm 0.020$ | $0.189 \pm 0.016$ |  | $4.819 \pm 1.003$ | $4.890 \pm 1.021$ |  |
| ${ }^{150} \mathrm{Nd}$ | 1.254 | $2.826 \pm 0.430$ | $2.957 \pm 0.408$ | $0.094 \pm 0.014$ | $0.099 \pm 0.013$ | 0.15 | $3.042 \pm 0.496$ | $3.081 \pm 0.508$ | $\sim 1.0$ |
|  | 1.0 | $3.193 \pm 0.492$ | $3.345 \pm 0.466$ | $0.118 \pm 0.017$ | $0.124 \pm 0.016$ |  | $3.332 \pm 0.572$ | $3.375 \pm 0.586$ |  |

$\left[T_{1 / 2}^{(0 \nu \chi)}\left(0^{+} \rightarrow 0^{+}\right)\right]^{-1}=\left|\left\langle g_{\alpha}\right\rangle\right|^{m} G_{\alpha}^{(\chi)}\left|M_{\alpha}^{(\chi)}\right|^{2}$

- However, not no much attention has been paid


## Results

- Corrections to double beta decay operators
- Contributions from chiral two-body currents

Menendez 11', Engel 14', Wang 18'

- Modifications of operators in shell model

Coraggio 20'


NME from experiments

- Are there any observables which can be related to the NMEs?
- Early attempts are to relate the Fermi NME with double Fermi transition or coulomb excitations

$$
\quad M_{F}^{0 v} \approx-\frac{2}{e^{2}} \bar{\omega}_{\mathrm{IAS}}\left\langle 0_{f}\right| \hat{T}^{-}|\mathrm{IAS}\rangle\langle\operatorname{IAS}| \hat{T}^{-}\left|0_{i}\right\rangle
$$

## Rodin 09'

IAS


## NME from experiments

- Recently, the measurement of DGT for determinations of double beta decay matrix elements are proposed


- What they found in shell model calculations,

NMEs from experiments

- The idea of EM transitions from DIAS to ground states has been formulated with shell model recently

Romeo 21'


## NME from experiments

- Above results has a similar nucleon pair structure as double beta decay

Rebeiro 20'



- Two nucleon removal amplitude constrained with charge changing ( $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{t}$ ) reactions


## Conclusion

- New formalism of double beta decay based on SMEFT frame has been developed
- The requirements of NME calculations are urgent for new physics survey
- Deviations among traditional many-body approaches are large and we are trying to understand the reason
- There are also efforts of constraining the NMEs from experiment side


## Thanks for your attention

